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HO. ORDINANCE

AN ORDINARCE adopting a Uniform Building Code for King County, providing for the issuance of permits, setting fees and providing penalties; prescribing civil penalties and providing for recovery of civil penalties by use of liens and all appropriate legal remedies; and repealing Ordinances 0379, 1017, 1529 and 1668 and K.C.C. 16.04, 16.08, 16.12, 16.16, 16.20, 16.24 and 16.28.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

CHAPTER I

BUILDING CODES

SECTION 1. BUILDING CODES ADOPTED. The following volumes as published in book form by the International Conference of Building Officials, together with amendments, additions and deletions hereinafter following; are adopted as the Building Codes of King County and hereinafter referred to as "this code".

- (1) The Uniform Building Code, 1973 Edition (second printing), with appendix and the Uniform Building Code Standards, 1973 Edition (first printing).
- (2) The Uniform Mechanical Code, 1973 Edition (first printing) with appendix.
 - (3) The Uniform Housing Code, 1973 Edition (Secondrinting).
- (4) The Uniform Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildings, 20 1973 Edition (first printing).

SECTION 2. Whenever the following words appear in this code, they are to be changed to:

- (1) City to County
- (2) Cities to County
- (3) City Limits to County Confines
- (4) City of to County of King
- (5) City Council to County Council
- (6) City Treasurer to County Comptroller
- (7) Mayor of to County Executive
- (8) Building Official to <u>Director of Building</u>, <u>Building</u>
 31 <u>Division</u>, <u>Department of Community and Environmental Development</u>.

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CHAPTER II

UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES

SECTION 1. DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES TO UNIFORM BUILDING
CODE. The following deletions, additions and changes in said code
are necessary for application in King County.

SECTION 2. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 28, SECTION 204, BOARD OF APPEALS, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: In order to determine the suitability of alternate materials and methods of construction and to provide for reasonable interpretations of the provisions of this code, there shall be and is hereby created a Building Code Advisory and Appeals Board, consisting of thirteen members who are qualified by experience and training to pass upon matters pertaining to building construction. The Director of Building, Building Division, Department of Community and Environmental Development, shall be an ex officio member and shall act as Secretary of the Board. The Building Code Advisory and Appeals Board shall be appointed by the County Execut confirmed by the County Council, and shall serve for a two-year term or until their successor is appointed and qualified. The Boa shall adopt reasonable rules and regulations for conducting its investigations and shall render all decisions and findings in writing to the Director of Building, with a duplicate copy to the appellant and may recommend to the County Council such new legislation as is consistent herewith.

SECTION 3. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 28, SECTION 205, VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES, is hereby amended to read as follows:
"It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to erect construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert or demolish, equip, use, occupy, or maintain any building or structure in the County, or cause the same to be done, contrary to or in violation of any of the provisions of this Code.

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Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Code shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and each such person shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense for each and every day or portion thereof during which any violation of any of the provisions of this Code is committed, continued, or permitted, and upon conviction of any such violation such person shall be punishable by a fine of not more than ((\$399)) two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or by imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment."

SECTION 4. NEW SECTION. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 28, CHAPTER 2, ORGANIZATION AND ENFORCEMENT, a new section is hereby added as follows:

SECTION 206. CIVIL PENALTY AND APPEAL. In addition to or as an alternate to any other judicial or administrative remedy provided herein or by law, any person, firm, corporation or organization violating any of the provisions of this Code, or by each act of commission or omission procures, aids or abets such violation, shall incur a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of three dollars per day, per each violation, plus billable costs of the Building Division, Department of Community and Environmental Development, from the date set for compliance until such violation is corrected or such notice of violation order is complied with. All civil penalties and appeals will be enforced in accordance with the procedures specified in the Uniform Housing Code, 1973 Edition, as amended and adopted by this ordinance.

SECTION 5. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 30, SECTION 302(b), RETENTION OF PLANS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "One set of approved plans, specifications, and computations shall be retained by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building for a period of not less than ninety days from date of completion of the work covered therein, and one set of approved plans and specifications shall be returned to the applicant, which set shall be kept on such building or work at all times during which work authorized thereby is in progress.

Plans, submitted for reviewing, for which no permit is issued and on which no action is taken by the applicant for ninety days; shall be deemed cancelled by the permittee and may be destroyed if they have not been picked up by the applicant within fifteen days from the time notice is mailed to the applicant. No refunds shall be made on cancelled plan review fees. To renew action on said plans, a payment of a new plan review fee shall be required."

SECTION 6. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 31, SECTION 302(d). EXPIRATION, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: Every permit issued by the Director of Building under the provision of this Code shall expire by limitation and become null and void one year from date of issue. Before such work can be recommenced a new permit shall be first obtained so to do within fifteen days of the date that the permit becomes null and void, and the fee them for shall be one-third the amount required for a new permit for suc work, provided that the maximum fee for a permit for a Group I or J Occupancy shall be \$20.00 and for all other occupancies the maximum fee shall be \$50.00. The minimum fee for renewal of any occupancy shall be \$50.00. One renewal of permit shall be granted provided that there are no material changes in the original plans and specifications for such work. Successive renewals beyond the first will require that: (1) substantial work has been commenced; (2) there are no changes in the original plans and specifications for such work; (3) any changes since the issuance of the permit in

EXCEPTION: Permits issued for major commercial projects

Occupancy Groups A through H inclusive), on which substantial work

is continuously performed and the necessary periodic inspections at

made, shall be extended beyond the one year period without cost.

Zoning Code, Building Code or other relevant ordinances shall be

tion to conform with the updated regulations.

reflected by amending the plans, specifications and permit applica-

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SECTION 7. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 31 and 32, SECTION 303, FEES, is hereby repealed and the following is substituted: SECTION 303. FEES. (a) BUILDING PERMIT FEES. A fee for each building permit shall be paid to the Director of Building as set forth in Table No. 3-A or Table No. 3-B.

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The determination of value or valuation under any of the provisions of this Code shall be made by the Director of Building.

The valuation to be used in computing the permit and plan review fees shall be the total value of all construction work for which the permit is issued, as well as all finish work, painting, roofing electrical, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, elevators, fire-extinguishing systems and any other permanent work or permanent equipment.

Where work for which a permit is required by this Code is started or proceeded with prior to obtaining said permit, the fees specified in Table No. 3-A or Table No. 3-B shall be doubled, but the payment of such double fee shall not relieve any persons from fully complying with the requirements of this Code in the execution of the work nor from any other penalties prescribed herein.

"Gross Area" as used herein, shall mean the total area of all floors, including basements, cellars, balconies, stages, and platforms but not including unexcavated areas.

Where buildings include more than one type of construction and/or are mixed occupancy, the cost of each type of construction, and/or occupancy, shall be computed separately.

(b) PLAN REVIEW FEES. When the valuation of the proposed construction exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and a plan is required to be submitted by subsection (c) of Section 301, a plan review fee shall be paid to the Director of Building at the time of submitting plans and specifications for review. Said plan review fee shall be equal to one third of the building permit/plan review fee as set forth in Table No. 3-A and Table 3-B.

EXCEPTION: Basic plans (as defined by the Director of Building) which are used for repetitive building and on which a plan review fee has been paid shall only be charged seventy percent (70%) of the building permit/plan review fee as set forth in Table No. 3-B.

(c) EXPIRATION OF PLAN REVIEW. Applications for which no permit is issued within one hundred eighty (180) days following the date of application shall expire by limitation and plans submitted for reviewing may thereafter be returned to the applicant or destroyed by the Director of Building. The Director of Buildin may extend the time for action by the applicant for a period not exceeding one hundred eighty (180) days upon written request by the applicant showing that circumstances beyond the control of the applicant have prevented action from being taken. In order to renew action on an application after expiration, the applicant shall resubmit plans and pay a new plan review fee.

(d) REINSPECTION FEE. The fee for each reinspection shall be ten dollars (\$10.00).

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- (f) PRELIMINARY PLAN REVIEW SERVICE. The permittee may request a preliminary plan review service to determine whether a planned structure qualifies for the issuance of a permit by this division. The preliminary plan review fee for time in excess of one hour shall be charged at the rate of sixteen dollars (\$16.00) per hour. Said fee shall be paid at the time of consultation and may be credited to the total plan review fee provided the scope of work remains the same and the plan review is completed within six (6) months from the date of the preliminary plan review application
- (g) SPECIAL SERVICE FEE. All special services extended to the public which are not herein enumerated, and on which costs are incurred, shall be compensated by a fee sufficient to cover costs incurred as determined by the Director of Building.
- (h) PERMIT REFUND FEE. Refund of permit fees may be made upon request by the permittee and submission of his permit copy but shall not include that portion of the fee upon which a service or expense was incurred.
- (i) SPECIAL INSPECTION FEE. Any inspection requested by permittee, which is not scheduled to be made during the normal hours of work by a building inspector, shall be charged an additional fee of sixteen dollars (\$16.00) per hour or fraction thereof for the first hour and quarterly amounts for the time in excess of one hour including travel time. Mileage is to be charged at the rate of ten cents (10¢) per mile.

(1) RELOCATED STRUCTURES. No person shall move within or into the unincorporated areas of King County, or cause to be moved, any building or structure without first obtaining in addition to the building permit, a relocation investigation and site inspecti permit from the Director of Building. The purpose of this relocation investigation and site inspection permit is to determine price to relocation the visual deficiencies in the building and to phys: cally inspect the site on which the relocated structure is to be Any such building or structure not meeting the requirelocated. ments of this ordinance must be repaired or remodeled in conformity with the provisions of said ordinance. Before a structure is relocated to a proposed site, a building permit shall be obtained

The Director of Building shall not approve for moving nor issue a building permit for any building or structure where any one of the hereinafter stated conditions or any combination thereof exist to an extent as to constitute a public nuisance or endanger the public health, safety, or general welfare, and in the opinion of the Director of Building it is physically impractical to restore such building or structure to make it comply with this ordinance; that such conditions are as follows:

- i. It is so constructed, deteriorated, or in disrepair as to be dangerous.
- ii. It is so dilapidated, defective, or in such a condition of deterioration or disrepair that its relocation to the proposed site would cause appreciable harm to or be materially deterimental to the property or improvements within a radius of three hundred feet (300') of the external boundary of the proposed site.

iii. It is infested with termites.

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iv. It is intended to be used as a dwelling or for human habitation and is unfit for such use.

v. It is of a type prohibited at the proposed location by this or any other law or ordinance.

The fee for relocation investigation and site inspection services shall be thirty dollars (\$30.00). Where an investigation is conducted outside the physical limits of King County, an additional charge shall be made for mileage travel at ten cents (10¢) per mile and inspector's time at the rate of eight dollars (\$8.00) per hour during the period the inspector is outside the boundaries of King County. The building permit fee for all structures which are moved shall be determined by the Building Official.

As a condition to securing the building permit, the owners of the building or structure shall deposit with the Director of Building, or in an approved irrevocable escrow, cash or its equivalent in an amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the estimated cost of remodeling as determined by the Director of Building.

Upon request, a portion of the deposit may be refunded during the progress of the work so long as the same ratio of security is maintained on deposit for all uncompleted work. In the event the work covered by the building permit is not completed within twelve (12) months following the date of its issuance, the Director of Building may apply said deposit or its equivalent toward either completion of the structure or its demolition in the event the structure cannot be completed as required by this division.

Relocation investigation and site inspection fees do not apply to structures having acceptable current inspection such as factory built units.

APPEAL. Any person who has been denied the building permit for a relocatable structure by the Director of Building may appear such decision to the Building Code Advisory and Appeals Board within seven (7) days of the receipt of the denial notice. The appearance shall contain a statement of the reasons therefor. Their decision shall be final.

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TABLE NO. 3-A

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BUILDING PERMIT FEES BASED ON VALUATION OF CONSTRUCTION (INCLUDING PLAN REVIEW FEE)

3	BASED ON VALUATION OF CONSTRUCTION (INCLUDING PLAN REVIEW FEE)						
4	TOTAL VALUATION	FEE					
5	\$1.00 to \$1,000.00	\$15.00 (minimum fee)					
6		\$15.00 for the first \$1,000.00 plus \$2.00 for each additional \$100.00					
7		or fraction thereof, to and including \$2,000.00.					
8	\$2,001.00 to \$25,000.00	\$35.00 for the first \$2,000.00 plus					
9		\$5.00 for each additional thousand or fraction thereof, to and includ-					
10		ing \$25,000.00.					
11	\$25,001.00 to \$50,000.00	\$150.00 for the first \$25,000.00 plus \$4.00 for each additional thousand or fraction thereof, to					
13	A	and including \$50,000.00.					
14	\$50,001.00 to \$100,000.00	\$250.00 for the first \$50,000.00 plus \$3.00 for each additional					
15		thousand or fraction thereof, to and including \$100,000.00.					
16	\$100,001.00 and up	\$400.00 for the first \$100,000.00 plus \$2.00 for each additional					
17		thousand or fraction thereof.					
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TABLE NO. 3-B

BUILDING PERMIT FEES
RATE PER 100 SQUARE FEET OR FRACTION THEREOF OF GROSS AREA
(including plan review fee)

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FOOTNOTES TO TABLE 3-B:

- * ALLOWABLE RESIDENTIAL DISCOUNTS.
 - 1. A thirty percent (30%) discount will be allowed on all basic or repetitive residential plans (Group I and J Occupancy).
 - 2. A fifty percent (50%) discount will be allowed on factory built housing and relocated residences with minimal repairs (Group I and J Occupancy).
 - 3. A thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3%) discount will be allowed on relocated residences with extensive repairs (Group I and J Occupancy).

EXCEPTIONS:

- 1. Where Table 3-B is inapplicable, as in the case of alterations, repairs, agricultural buildings, barns, chicken houses, green houses, lath houses, reservoirs, signs, sub-stations, towers, trailer pads, water tanks, fences in excess of six feet, retaining walls in excess of four feet, tanks other than fuel storage tanks, and similar construction, the Building Division shall charge fees based on valuation of construction as set forth in Table 3-A. The determination of the value of construction shall be made by the Director of Building, or his authorized representative.
- 2. The minimum fee for any building permit shall be fifteen dollars (\$15.00).
- 3. The minimum fee for any sign permit shall be twenty dollars (\$20.00).

SECTION 8. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 35, SECTION 306(a), USE OR OCCUPANCY, is hereby amended to read as follows: "No building or structure in Groups A to H, inclusive, shall be used or occupied, and no change in the existing occupancy classification of a building or structure or portion thereof shall be made until the ((Swilding-Official)) Director of Building has issued a Certificat of Occupancy therefor as provided herein. No building or structure of Group I Occupancy shall be used or occupied until a final inspection has been made and approval to occupy granted as required by Section 304."

SECTION 9. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 35, SECTION 306(d), TEMPORARY CERTIFICATE, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: TEMPORARY CERTIFICATE - BOND REQUIRED. Where a persitive or corporation desires to occupy or have occupied (1) a new structure before the final inspection of the structure can be completed, or (2) a temporary structure for a limited period of time; he shall deposit with the Director of Building, or in an approved escrow, cash or its equivalent.

The amount of the cash bond required to occupy a new structure prior to a final inspection shall be in the amount of twenty-five percent (25%) of the estimated cost of completion (to be made by the Director of Building) for the purpose of insuring the completion of the work in order to meet the minimum code requirements.

The amount of the cash bond required to occupy a temporary structure for a specified period of time shall be an amount determined by the Director of Building to ensure removal of the structure. In either case the cash bond will be refunded to the permittee upon completion of work or the satisfactory removal of the temporary structure.

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In the event the construction work or the removal of the temporary structure is not completed or material progress has not been made within twelve (12) months following the date of the posting of the cash deposit, said sum remaining on deposit may be applied toward completion of minimum code requirements or for the removal of the temporary structure by the Director of Building upon thirty (30) days written notice given to the permittee.

The fee for processing a Temporary Certificate to be retained by the County shall be six dollars (\$6.00).

SECTION 10. NEW SECTION. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 35, CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY, a new section is hereby added as follows SECTION 307. BOND REQUIRED. Whereas a person, firm, or corporatic desires to perform work prior to required approvals prescribed in this or other pertinent codes or ordinances; said entity shall, in order to ensure compliance deposit with the Director of Building or in an approved escrow, cash or its equivalent. The amount of such cash bond shall be an amount as determined by the Director of Building. The cash bond will be refunded if the work receives all necessary approvals. In the event the work cannot be approved, said sum remaining on deposit may be applied toward whatever corrective measures are deemed necessary by the Director of Building.

SECTION 11. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 38, SECTION 404, CENTRAL HEATING PLANT, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: CENTRAL HEATING PLANT OR HEATING PLANT is comfort heating equipment or heat source within a building which source employes flame or direct resistance electric energy to supply heat through ducts or pipes serving areas other than the room in which the plant is located.

SECTION 12. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 46, SECTION 503(d), FIRE RATINGS FOR OCCUPANCY SEPARATIONS, EXCEPTION 4, is hereby amended to read as follows: "In the one-hour occupancy separation between a Group I and J Occupancy, the separation may be limited to the installation of materials approved for one-hour fire-resistive construction or one half inch (%") taped and finished gypsum wallboard on the garage side and a self-closing, tight-fitting solid wood door 1 3/8 inches in thickness will be permitted in lieu of a one-hour fire assembly. Fire dampers shall not be required in ducts piercing this separation for ducts constructed of not less than No. 26 guage galvanized steel."

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SECTION 13. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 57, SECTION 605, LIGHT, VENTILATION, AND SANITATION, is hereby amended to read as follows: "All portions of Group A Occupancies customarily used by human beings and all dressing rooms shall be provided with light and ventilation by means of windows or skylights with an area not less than one-eighth of the total floor area, one-half of which shall be openable, or shall be provided with artificial light and a mechanically operated ventilating system. The mechanically operated ventilating system shall ((supply-a-minimum-of-five-expic feet-per-minute-of-outside-air-with-a-total-eirewlated-of-net-less than-fifteen-(15)-cubic-feet-per-minute-per-ecupant-in-all-pertie ef-the-building)) comply with the requirements as set forth in Table 11-B of this Code (Uniform Mechanical Code,) and such system shall be kept continuously in operation during such time as the building is occupied. If the velocity of the air at the register exceeds ten feet per second, the register shall be placed more than eight feet above the floor directly beneath.

Lights in all parts of the building customarily used by human beings shall be on a separate circuit from that of the stage and shall be controlled from the box office. All lights in corridors, exit courts and exit passageways shall be protected by a wire cage.

All registers or vents supplying air backstage shall be equipped with automatic closing devices with fusible links.

Such closing devices shall be located where the vents or ducts pass through the proscenium walls and shall be operated by fusible links located on both sides of the proscenium wall and both inside of and outside of the vent or duct.

There shall be provided in an approved location at least one lavatory for each two water closets for each sex, and at least one drinking fountain for each floor level.

For other requirements on water closets, see Section 1711."

SECTION 14. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 76, SECTION 1105,

LIGHT, VENTILATION, AND SANITATION, first paragraph, is hereby

amended to read as follows: "All portions of Group F Occupancies

customarily used by human beings shall be provided with light and

ventilation by means of wimdows or skylights with an area not less

than one-eighth of the total floor area, one-half of which shall

be openable, or shall be provided with artificial light and a

mechanically operated ventilating system shall comply with the

requirements as set forth in Table 11-B of this code (Uniform

Mechanical Code)). ((In-no-case-shall-less-than-two-changes-ef

air-per-hour-be-previded.))"

SECTION 15. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 84, SECTION 1305 LIGHT AND VENTILATION, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"All guest rooms, dormitories, and habitable rooms within a dwing unit shall be provided with natural light by means of wind: or skylights with an area of not less than one-tenth of the floarea of such rooms with a minimum of ten square feet. All bath rooms, water closet compartments, laundry rooms, and similar roshall be provided with natural ventilation by means of windows skylights with an area of not less than one-tenth of the floor area of such rooms with a minimum of three square feet.

Not less than one-half of the required window or skylight shall be openable to provide natural ventilation.

In lieu of openable windows for natural ventilation, a medical ventilation system may be provided. Such system shall be called ventilation system may be provided. Such system shall be called of providing ((two)) the required air changes ((per-heur)) as set forth in Table 11-B of this code (Uniform Mechanical Code in all guest rooms, dormitories, habitable rooms, and in public corridors, One-fifth of the air supply shall be taken from the outside. In bathrooms, water closet compartments, laundry rooms and similar rooms a mechanical ventilation system connected direly to the outside, capable of providing five air changes per hou shall be provided.

For the purpose of determining light and ventilation requirements, any room may be considered as a portion of an adjoining room when one-half of the area of the common wall is open and unstructed and provide an opening of not less than one-tenth of the floor area of the interior room or twenty-five (25) square feet, whichever is greater.

Required windows shall open directly onto a street or public alley or a yard or court located on the same lot as the building.

 EXCEPTION: Required windows may open into a roofed porch. where the porch:

- 1. Abuts a street, yard or court; and
- 2. Has a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet; and
- 3. Has the longer side at least 65 percent open and unobstructed."

SECTION 16. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 85, SECTION 1307(a), CEILING HEIGHTS, first paragraph, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Habitable rooms, storage rooms and laundry rooms shall have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet 6 inches. Hallways, corridors, kitchens, bathrooms and water closet rooms shall have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet measured to the lowest point of projection from the ceiling."

SECTION 17. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 87, SECTION 1311, HEATING, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Every dwelling unit and guest room shall be provided with heating facilities capable of maintaining a room temperature of 70° F. at a point three (3) feet above the floor in all habitable rooms when outside temperature is 10° F."

SECTION 18. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 88 AND 89, SECTION 1405(a), LIGHT AND VENTILATION, is hereby amended to read as follows: "All guest rooms, dormitories and habitable rooms within a dwelling unit shall be provided with natural light by means of windows or skylights with an area of not less than one-tenth of the floor area of such rooms with a minimum of ten (10) square feet. All bathrooms, water closet compartments, laundry rooms, and similar rooms shall be provided with natural ventilation by means of windows or skylights with an area of not less than one-tenth of the floor area of such rooms with a minimum of three (3) square feet.

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Not less than one-half of the required window or skylight are shall be openable to provide natural ventilation.

In lieu of openable windows for natural ventilation, a mechan cal ventilation system may be provided. Such system shall be capable of providing ((twe)) the required air changes ((per hear)) as set forth in Table 11-B of this code (Uniform Mechanical Code) in all guest rooms, dormitories, habitable rooms, and in public corridors. One-fifth of the air supply shall be taken from the outside. In bathrooms, water closet compartments, laundry rooms, and similar rooms a mechanical ventilation system connected direct to the outside, capable of providing five air changes per hour, shall be provided.

For the purpose of determining light and ventilation requirements, any room may be considered as a portion of an adjoining room when one-half of the area of the common wall is open and unot structed and provides an opening of not less than one-tenth of the floor area of the interior room or 25 square feet, whichever is greater.

Required windows shall open directly onto a street or public alley or a yard or court located on the same lot as the building.

EXCEPTION: Required windows may open into a roofed porch where the porch:

- 1. Abuts a street, yard, or court; and
- 2. Has a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet; and
- 3. Has the longer side at least 65 percent open and unobstructed.

Every dwelling unit shall be provided with a kitchen equipped with a kitchen sink and with bathroom facilities consisting of a water closet, lavatory and either a bathtub or shower. Plumbing fixtures shall be provided with running water necessary for their operation.

For other requirements on water closets, see Section 1711.

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SECTION 19. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 89, SECTION 1407(a), CEILING HEIGHTS, first paragraph, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Hallways, corridors, kitchens, bathrooms and water closet rooms shall have a ceiling height of not less than seven (7) feet measured to the lowest projection from the ceiling."

SECTION 20. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 90, SECTION 1410. HEATING, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Every dwelling unit and guest room shall be provided with heating facilities capable of maintaining a room temperature of 70° F. at a point three feet above the floor in all habitable rooms when outside temperature is 100 F."

SECTION 21, UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 102 AND 103, SECTIO 1711, WATER CLOSET COMPARTMENTS AND SHOWERS, is hereby repealed. and the following is substituted: SECTION 1711. WATER CLOSET COMPARTMENTS AND SHOWERS. (a) FLOORS AND WALLS. In other than dwelling units, toilet room floors shall have a smooth, hard, nonabsorbent surface such as portland cement, concrete, ceramic tile or other approved material which extends upward onto the walls at least five inches. Walls within water closet compartments and walls within two feet of the front and sides of urinals shall be similarly finished to a height of four feet and, except for structural elements, the materials used in such walls shall be of a type which is not adversely affected by moisture.

- (b) TOILET FACILITIES FOR THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED. When required by State Law, R.C.W. Chapter 70.92 (1967) and 70.92A (1971) PUBLIC BUILDINGS-PROVISIONS FOR AGED AND HANDICAPPED, toilet facilities and water closet compartment shall comply with the American National Standard Institute No. ANSI A 117.1-1961 (R19
- (c) SHOWER AREA. Showers shall be finished as specified in Subsection (a) to a height of not less than six feet. Materials other than structural elements used in such walls shall be of a type which is not adversely affected by moisture.

(d) DOORS AND PANELS. Doors and panels of shower and bathtub enclosures shall be substantially constructed from approved shattaresistant materials. Hinged shower doors shall open outward.

(e) GLAZING FOR SHOWER AND BATHTUB ENCLOSURES. Glazing used in doors and panels of shower and bathtub enclosures shall be full tempered, or 1/4 inch when laminated and shall pass the test requiment of U.B.C. Standard No. 54-2.

(f) PLASTICS. Plastics used in doors and panels of shower and bathtub enclosures shall be of a shatter-resistant type.

SECTION 22. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 104, SECTION 1716, GUARDRAILS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "All unenclosed floor and roof openings; open and glazed sides of landings; balconies or porches which are more than thirty (30) inches above grade; and roofs used for other than service of the building, shall be protected by a guardrail. Guardrails shall be not less than forty-two (42) inches in height. Open guardrails and stair railings shall have intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern such that no object nine inches in diameter can pass through.

The height of stair railings may be as specified in Section 3305(i

EXCEPTIONS: (1) Guardrails need not be provided on the loading side of loading docks. (2) The forty-two (42) inch heigh requirement may be reduced to thirty-six (36) inches for guar rails located in Group I Occupancies or private balconies on first four floors or stories of Group H Occupancies."

SECTION 23. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 105, SECTION 1801, DEFINITION, first paragraph, is hereby amended to read as follows:
"The structural elements in Type I Buildings shall be of steel, iron, concrete, or masonry, EXCEPT as permitted in Section 1806."

. SECTION 24. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 105, SECTION 1802, STRUCTURAL FRAMEWORK, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Structural framework shall be of structural steel or iron as specified in Chapter 27, reinforced concrete as in Chapter 26, or reinforced masonry as in Chapter 24, EXCEPT as permitted by Section 1806.

For additional requirements for Group E Occupancies, see Section 1002(b)."

SECTION 25. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 106, SECTION 1806, ROOFS, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted:

SECTION 1806. ROOF CONSTRUCTION. Roof construction in Type I Building shall be two-hour fire-resistive construction except as follows: (a) Where every part of the structural steel framework of the roof of a Group A, B, or C Occupancy is eighteen (18) feet or more, and less than twenty-five (25) feet above any floor, mezzanine, balcony or gallery, the roof deck or sheathing may be protected on the underside as required for one-hour fire-resistive construction.

(b) Where every part of the structural steel framework of the roof of a Group A, B, or C Occupancy is twenty-five (25) feet or more above any floor, mezzanine, balcony, or gallery, fire protection of such framework may be omitted.

(c) Where every part of the structural framework of the roof of a Group A, B, or C Occupancy is twenty-five (25) feet or more above any floor, mezzanine, balcony or gallery, such framework may be of heavy timber as specified in Section 2006 when protecte by an approved automatic sprinkler system.

(d) In any occupancy, roof decks or sheathing twenty-five (2 feet or more distant from any floor, mezzanine, balcony, or galle may be of unprotected non-combustible materials.

(e) In any occupancy, roof decks or sheathing thirty (30)

feet or more distant from any floor, mezzanine, balcony, or gallery, may be of heavy timber as specified in Section 2006 when

protected on the underside as required for one-hour fire-resistiv

construction or by an approved automatic sprinkler system.

(f) In any occupancy, roof decks or sheathing may be of rein forced concrete or reinforced gypsum without regard for fire-resistive requirements.

SECTION 26. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 111, SECTION 1901, DEFINITION, first paragraph, is hereby amended to read as follows "The structural elements in Type I buildings shall be of steel, iron, concrete, or masonry, EXCEPT as permitted in Section 1906."

SECTION 27. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 111, SECTION 1902, STRUCTURAL FRAMEWORK, first paragraph, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Structural framework shall be of structural steel o iron as specified in Chapter 27, reinforced concrete as in Chapter 26, or reinforced masonry as in Chapter 24, EXCEPT as permitted by Section 1906."

SECTION 28. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 112, SECTION 1906, ROOF CONSTRUCTION, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: SECTION 1906. ROOF CONSTRUCTION. Roof construction in type II Buildings shall be one-hour fire-resistive construction except as follows: (a) Where every part of the structural steel framework of the roof of a Group A, B, or C Occupancy is twenty-

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five (25) feet or more above any floor, mezzanine, balcony, or gallery, fire protection of such framework may be omitted.

(b) Where every part of the structural framework of the roof of a Group A, B, or C Occupancy is twenty-five (25) feet or more above any floor, mezzanine, balcony or gallery, such framework may be of heavy timber as specified in Section 2006 when protected by an approved automatic sprinkler system.

(c) In any occupancy, roof decks or sheathing twenty-five (25) feet or more distant from any floor, mezzanine, balcony, or gallery may be of unprotected noncombustible materials.

SECTION 29. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 119, SECTION 2201, DEFINITION, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Type V buildings may be of any materials allowed by this Code.

Type V, one-hour buildings shall be of one-hour fire-resistive construction throughout and may include heavy timber construction conforming to Section 2006.

Materials of construction and fire-resistive requirements shall be as specified in Chapter 17.

For requirements due to occupancy, see Chapter 6 and 15, inclusive.

For requirements in Fire Zones, See Chapter 16." SECTION 30. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 120, SECTION 2302, LOADS, (a) GENERAL - EXCEPTION (only) is hereby reaffirmed.

SECTION 31. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 121 and 122, SECTION 2305, ROOF LOADS, (a) GENERAL, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Roofs shall sustain, within the stress limitations of this Code, all "dead loads" plus ((unit-"live-loads"-as-set-ferth in-Table-Ne+-23-B+)) a minimum twenty-five (25) pounds per square foot snow load except that areas subject to greater snow loads shall be determined by the Director of Building. The ((live-leads)) snow loads shall be assumed to act vertically upon the area project: 32 upon a horizontal plane.

Where uniform roof loads are involved in the design of structural members arranged so as to create continuity, consideration may be limited to full dead loads on all spans in combination with full live loads on adjacent spans and on alternate spans.

EXCEPTION: Alternate span loading need not be considered where the uniform roof live load is twenty (20) pounds per square foot or more and the provisions of Section 2305(c) are met.

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SECTION 32. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 128, SECTION 2314, EARTHQUAKE REGULATIONS, (c) SYMBOLS AND NOTATIONS, W, is hereby amended to read as follows: "W = Total dead load as defined in Section 2301 including the partition loading specified in Section ((2303(b))) 2302(b) where applicable.

EXCEPTION: W shall be equal to the total dead load plus twenty-five (25) percent of the floor live load in storage and warehouse occupancies. Where snow loads are considered the snow load shall also be included; however, when approved by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building the snow load may be reduced up to seventy-five (75) percent maximum." SECTION 33. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 134, SECTION 2314,

EARTHQUAKE REGULATIONS, (1) EARTHQUAKE RECORDING INSTRUMENTATIONS, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 34. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 136, TABLE NO. 23-B-MINIMUM ROOF LIVE LOADS, FOOTNOTE 1, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Where snow loads occur, the roof structure shall be designed for such loads as determined by the ((Building-Official))

Director of Building. See Section 2305(a) for snow loading."

SECTION 35. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 137, TABLE NO. 230, SPECIAL LOADS, is hereby amended to read as follows:

TABLE NO. 23-C - SPECIAL LOADS'

	VERTICAL LOAD	LATERAL LOAD	
CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION	(Pounds par	Square Feet)
Construction, public access at site (live load)	Walkway See Sec. 4406 Canopy See Sec. 4407	150 150	·
Grandstands, reviewing stands and bleachers (live load)	Seats and foot- boards	120	23
Stage accessories, see Sec. 3902 (live load)	Gridirons and fly galleries Loft block wells ² Head block wells	75 250	250
Ceiling framing (live load)*	and sheave beams ² Over stages All uses except	250 20	250
Partitions and interior walls, see Sec. 2312 (live	overstages	10 <u>20</u>	5
load) & Sec - Elevators and dumbwaiters (dead and live load) Mechanical and	<u>2302(b)(dead 1</u>	oad) 2 x Total loads	J
electrical equip- ment (dead load) Cranes (dead and live load) Balcony railings, guard rails and handrails	Total load includ- ing impact increase Exit facilities serving an occupant load greater than 50 Other	Total loads 1.25 x Total load ⁸	0.10 x Total load ⁷ 50* 20*
Storage racks	Over 6 feet high	Total loads	See Table

The tabulated loads are minimum loads. Where other vertical or lateral loads are required by this Code or required by the design would cause greater stresses they shall be used.

*Luteral sway bracing loads of 24 pounds per foot parallel and 10 pounds per foot perpendicular to seat and footbourds.

perpendicular to sent and lootboards.

All loads are in pounds per lineal foot. Head block wells and sheave bearms shall be designed for all loft block well loads tributary thereto. Sheave blocks shall be designed with a factor of safety of five.

*Does not apply to ceilings which have sufficient total access from below, such that access is not required within the space above the ceiling.

*Where Appendix Chapter 51 has been adopted, see reference standard cited therein for additional design requirements.

The impact factors included use for conset with their whole ciding on a both with

The impact factors included are for cranes with steel wheels riding on steel rails.

They may be modified if substantiating technical data acceptable to the Building Official is submitted.

This applies in the direction parallel to the runway rails (longitudinal). The factor for forces perpendicular to the rails is 0.20 × the transverse travelling loads (trolley, ca), hooks and litted loads). Forces may be distributed among rails of multiple rail cranes.

rail cranes.

A load per lineal foot to be applied horizontally at right angles to the rails.

*Vertical members of storage racks shall be protected from impact forces of operating equipment or racks shall be designed so that failure of one vertical member will not cause collapse of more than the bay or bays directly supported by that member.

SECTION 36. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 190 AND 191, SECTION 2511, STRUCTURAL GLUED-LAMINATED TIMBER DESIGN, (d) DESIG STRESSES, 4. RADIAL TENSION OR COMPRESSION, is hereby amended to read as follows:

" 4. Radial tension or compression. The maximum radial stress induced in a curved member of constant rectangular cross section by a bending moment is:

 $f_r = \frac{3M}{2Rbd}$

WHERE:

fr = radial stress in pounds per square inch.

M =bending moment in inch pounds.

R = radius of curvature at center line of member in inches.

b =width of cross section in inches.

d = depth of cross section in inches.

For curved bending members having a varying cross section, the maximum radial stress induced, fr, is given by: is the larger of:

$$f_r = \frac{3M}{2Rbd}$$
 or $f_r = K_r \frac{6M}{bd}$

WHERE:

M = bending moment at midspan in inch pounds.

b =width of cross section in inches.

d = depth of cross section at the apex in inches.

 $K_r = \text{radial stress factor determined from the following relation-ship:}$

$$K_r = A + B\left(\frac{d}{Rm}\right) + C\left(\frac{d}{Rm}\right)^2$$

WHERE:

Rm = radius of curvature at the center line of the member at midspan in inches.

A, B, and C =constants as given below:

β	Ä	B	C
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(0.0) 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0	(0.0) 0.0079 0.0174 0.0279 0.0391 0.0629 0.0893 0.1214 0.1649	(0.2500) 0.1747 0.1251 0.0937 0.0754 0.0619 0.0608 0.0608	(0.0) 0.1284 0.1939 0.2162 0.2119 0.1722 0.1393 0.1238 0.1115

and β = angle between the upper edge of the member and the horizontal in degrees.

Values of K, for intermediate values of β may be interpolated linearly. "

SECTION 37. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 445 AND 446, SECTION 2903, EXCAVATIONS AND FILLS, (b) PROTECTION OF ADJOINING PROPERTY, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 38. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 446, SECTION 2904, SOIL CLASSIFICATION-EXPANSIVE SOIL, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: SECTION 2904. SOIL CLASSIFICATION.

For the purposes of this Chapter, the definition and classification of soil materials for use in Table No. 29-B shall be according to U.B.C. Standard No. 29-1.

SECTION 39. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 451, SECTION 2909(b) UNCASED CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE PILES. 1. MATERIAL, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Concrete piles cast-in-place against earth in drilled or bored holes shall be made in such a manner as to insure the exclusion of any foreign matter and to secure a full-sized shaft. The length of such pile shall be limited to not more than thirty (30) times the average diameter. Concrete shall have an ultimate compressive strength "f' of not less than 2500 pounds per square inch. These piles shall be installed only in a manner recommended by a qualified soils engineer approved by the Director of Building."

SECTION 40. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 455, TABLE NO. 29-B-ALLOWABLE FOUNDATION AND LATERAL PRESSURE, FOOTNOTE NO. 4, is hereby amended to read as follows: "ACOefficient to be multiplied by the dead load. Coefficients do not include a factor of safety."

SECTION 41. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 456, TABLE NO. 29-C, CLASSIFICATION OF EXPANSIVE SOIL, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 42. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 456, TABLE NO. 29-D, WEIGHTED EXPANSION INDEX, is hereby repealed.

l SECTION 43. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 457 AND 458, SECTION 3004(c), ANCHORED VENEER, is hereby amended to read as 2 "Anchored veneer and its attachments shall be designed 3 to resist a horizontal force equal to twice the weight of the 4 veneer. In addition the following shall apply: (i) Provide a nom-5 inal one inch air space between masonry veneer and sheathing. 6 (ii) Provide an approved type flashing at the base of the veneer. (iii) Provide 3/8 inch round weepholes at 32" o.c. at the base of 8 the veneer. Weepholes from the one inch air space shall extend to 10 the exterior. (iv) Provide a minimum 14 pound water resistant felt-liner or equivalent over the sheathing behind the veneer." 11 12 SECTION 44. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 471, SECTION 3207(c). 13

OVERFLOW DRAINS AND SCUPPERS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Where roof drains are required, overflow drains having the same size as the roof drains shall be installed with the inlet flow line located two inches above the low point of the roof, or overflow scuppers having three times the size of the roof drains may be installed in adjacent parapet walls with the inlet flow line located two inches above the low point of the adjacent roof and having a minimum opening height of four inches.

((Overflow-drains-shall-be-sonnested-to-drain-lines-independen 22 from-the-roof-drains.))

SECTION 45. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 475, SECTION 3302(c), ARRANGEMENT OF EXITS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "((If-enly-two-exits-are-required-they-shall-be-placed-a-distance apart-equal-to-not-less-than-one-half-of-the-length-of-the-maximum over-all-diagonal-dimenoion-of-the-building-or-area-to-be-served measured-in-e-straight-line-between-exits.)) When two or more exit are required, they shall be arranged as far apart as is necessary so that if one becomes blocked the other(s) will be available.

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 EXCEPTION: Where exit enclosures are provided as the required means of egress and are interconnected by a corridor conforming to the requirements of Section 3304(g), exit separations may be measured in a direct line of travel within the exit corridor. Enclosure walls shall be not less than thirty (30) feet apart at any point in a direct line of measurement.

Where three or more exits are required, they shall be arranged a reasonable distance apart so that if one becomes blocked, the other will be available."

SECTION 46. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 476 AND 477,
TABLE NO. 33-A, AVAILABLE SQUARE FEET PER OCCUPANT AND EGRESS
FACILITIES, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted:

TABLE NO. 33-A

available square feet per occupant and egress facilities.

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(5 6 7	Minimum of Two Exits Other Than Elevators Are Required Where	
	USE ¹	Number of Occupants is Over	Square Feet Per Occupant
;	Aircraft Hangars (No repair)		
10		10 30	500 7
1.3	(without fixed seats) Auditoriums	50	7
12	II Daniel and	,	
13			
14			
15	11 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	50	- 15
16	II To 1		-
17	Exhibit Rooms Gymnasiums		
18	Lounges Skating Rinks		
19	Stages		
20	Children's Homes & Homes for the Aged Classrooms Dormitories	5 50	80 20
21		10	50
~-	Garage, Parking	10 30	300
	Hospitals & Sanitariums-Nursing Homes Hotels & Apartments	5 10	200 80
23	Kitchen - Commercial Library Reading Room	30 50	200
24	Locker Rooms Mechanical Equipment Room	30 <u> </u>	50 50
25	Nurseries for Children (Day-care) Offices	30 5	300 50
26	School Shops & Vocational Rooms Stores - Retail Sales Rooms	30 50	100 50
27	Basement	tnote 2	20
	Ground Floor Upper Floors	50	30
28	Warehouses	10	50
29	All Others	30 50	300 100
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 $^{^{1}}$ Refer to Section 3318 and 3319 for other specific requirements. 2 See Section 3302 for basement exit requirements.

³ Egress Facilities for the Physically Handicapped. When required by State Law, Chapter 70.92 (1967) and 70.92A (1971) Public Buildings - Provisions for Aged and Handicapped; Egress facilities (ramps, elevators, etc.) shall comply with the American National Standard Institute No. ANSI Al17.1-1961 (R1971).

SECTION 47. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 478, SECTION 3303(h)

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is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: CHANGE IN FLOOR LEVEL AT DOORS. Regardless of the occupant load, there shall be a floor or landing on each side of a door. The floor or landing shall be level with, or not more than two (2) inches lower than the threshold of the doorway.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. In Group I Occupancies and within individual units of Group H Occupancies, a door may open on the top step of a flight of stairs or on an exterior landing provided the door does not swing over the top step or exterior landing and the landing is not more than seven and one-half (7½) inches below the floor level.

2. Change in floor level at doors for the Physically Handicapped. When required by State law, R.C.W. Chapter 70.92 (1867) and 70.92A (1971) Public Buildings - Provisions for Aged and Handicapped, change in floor level at doors shall comply with the American National Standards Institute No. ANSI All7.1-1961 (R1971).

SECTION 48. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 479 AND 480, SECTION 3304, CORRIDORS AND EXTERIOR EXIT BALCONIES, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) GENERAL. This Section shall apply to every corridor serving as a required exit for an occupant load of ten (10) or more persons. For the purposes of this Section the term "corridor" shall include "exterior exit balcony" and any covered or enclosed exit passageway including walkways, tunnels and malls.

Foyers, lobbies and reception rooms meeting the construction requirements of corridors as specified in this Section may be classed as corridors.

Partitions, rails, counters and similar space dividers not over five (5) feet in height above the floor shall not be construed to form corridors.

(b) WIDTH. Every corridor shall be not less in width than forty-four (44) inches. For special requirements for Groups C an D Occupancies, see Sections 3317 and 3318.

- (c) HEIGHT. Corridors and exterior exit balconies shall have a clear height of not less than seven (7) feet measured to the lowest projection from the ceiling.
- (d) PROJECTIONS. The required width of corridors shall be unobstructed.

EXCEPTION: Trim handrails, and doors when fully opened, shall not reduce the required width by more than seven (7) inches. Doors in any position shall not reduce the required width by more than one-half.

- (e) ACCESS TO EXITS. When more than one exit is required, they shall be so arranged that it is possible to go in either direction from any point in a corridor to a separate exit, except for dead ends permitted by this Section. ((When-a-eerrider-er-exteric exit-baleeny-is-aesessible-te-an-elevator,-ehanges-in-elevation-esthe-fleer-chall-be-made-by-means-ef-a-rame.))
- (f) DEAD ENDS. Corridors with dead ends are permitted when the dead end does not exceed twenty (20) feet in length.
- (g) CONSTRUCTION. Walls of corridors serving an occupant load of thirty (30) or more shall be of not less than one-hour fir resistive construction and the ceilings shall be not less than that required for a one-hour fire-resistive floor or roof system.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. One-story buildings housing Group G Occupanci 2. Corridors more than thirty (30) feet in width where occupancies served by such corridors have at least one exit independent from the corridor.

3. Exterior sides of exterior exit balconies.

When the ceiling of the entire story is an element of a one-hour fire-resistive floor or roof system, the corridor wall may terminate at the ceiling. When the room side fire-resistive membrane of the corridor wall is carried through to the underside of

a fire-resistive floor or roof above, the corridor side of the ceiling may be protected by the use of ceiling materials as re-2 quired for one-hour floor or roof system construction or the corridor ceiling may be of the same construction as the corridor walls.

Ceilings of noncombustible construction may be suspended below the fire-resistive ceiling.

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(h) OPENINGS. Where corridor walls are required to be of onehour fire-resistive construction by Subsection (f) above, every door opening shall be protected by a tight-fitting smoke barrier and fire assembly having a fire protection rating of not less than twenty (20) minutes when tested in accordance with U.B.C. Standard No. 43-2 without the hose stream test. Doors shall be maintained self-closing or shall be automatic closing in accordance with Section 4306(b)2. Glazed openings of the size and construction permitted for three-fourths-hour fire door assemblies in Section 4306(f) may be installed in such doors. Other interior openings shall be protected by approved one-quarter inch thick wired glass set in steel frames. The total area of all openings, other than doors, in any portion of an interior corridor shall not exceed twenty-five (25) percent of the area of the corridor wall of the room which it is separating from the corridor.

EXCEPTION: Protection of openings in the interior walls of exterior exit balconies is not required.

- (i) LOCATION ON PROPERTY. Exterior exit balconies shall not be located in an area where openings are required to be protected due to location on the property.
- (j) ELEVATOR ACCESS BY THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED. When required by State Law, R.C.W. Chapter 70.92 (1967) and 70.924 (1971) Public Buildings - Provisions for Aged and Handicapped, corridors or exterior exit balconies with access to elevators and changes of floor elevation shall comply with ramp requirements of the American National Institute No. ANSI All7.1-1961 (R1971)."

SECTION 49. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 480 AND 481, SECTION 3305(i) HANDRAILS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Stairways shall have handrails on each side, and every stairway required to be more than eighty-eight (88) inches in width shall be provided with not less than one intermediate handrail for each eighty-eight (88) inches of required width. Intermediate handrail shall be spaced approximately equal within the entire width of the stairway.

Handrails shall be placed not less than thirty (30) inches not more than thirty-four (34) inches above the nosing of treads. They shall be continuous the full length of the stairs and ((exection-private-stairways-at-least-ene-handrail-shall-extend-not-least than-six-(6)-inches-beyond-the-top-and-bettom-risers-and)) ends shall be returned or shall terminate in newel posts or safety terminals.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. Stairways forty-four (44) inches or less in width and stairways serving one individual dwelling unit in Group H or I Occupancies may have one handrail, except that such stairways open on one or both sides shall have handrails provided on the open side or sides.

- 2. Stairways having less than four (4) risers need not have handrails.
- 3. Monumental stairs need not have intermediate handrails.
- 4. Handrails for the Physically Handicapped. When required by State Law, R.C.W. Chapter 70.92 (1967) and 70.92A (1971)

 Public Buildings Provisions for Aged and Handicapped, handrails shall comply with the American National Standard Institute No. ANSI All7.1-1961 (R1971)."

Handrails projecting from a wall shall have a space of not less than one and one-half $(1\frac{1}{2})$ inches between the wall and the handrail.

SECTION 50. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 481, SECTION 3305($\acute{\chi}$), STAIRWAY CONSTRUCTION-INTERIOR, is hereby amended to read as follow "Interior stairways shall be constructed as specified in Part V of this Code.

Where there is enclosed unable space under stairs the walls and soffits of the enclosed space shall be protected on the enclose side as required for one-hour fire-resistive construction. See Section 3308.

EXCEPTION: In Group I and J Occupancies one-half inch taped and finished gypsum wallboard may be substituted.

All required interior stairways which extend to the top floor in any building four or more stories in height shall have provided at the highest point of the stair shaft an approved hatch openable to the exterior not less than sixteen (16) square feet in area with a minimum dimension of two feet six inches.

EXCEPTION: The hatch shall not be required on smoke-proof enclosures or on stairways that extend to the roof with an opening onto that roof."

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SECTION 51. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 482 AND 483, SECTION 3306, RAMPS, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: (a) GENERAL. A ramp conforming to the requirements of of this section may be used as an exit.

- (b) WIDTH. The width of ramps shall be as required for corridors.
- (c) SLOPE. The slope of the ramp shall not exceed one foot in eight feet.
- (d) HANDRAILS. A ramp with a slope exceeding one foot in ten feet shall have handrails as required for stairways, except that intermediate handrails should not be required.
- (e) CONSTRUCTION. Ramps shall be constructed as required for stairways.
- (f) SURFACE. The surface of ramps shall be roughened or shall be of nonslip materials.
- (g) RAMPS FOR THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED. When required by State Law, R.C.W. Chapter 70.92 (1967) and 70.92A (1971) Public Buildings Provisions for Aged and Handicapped, ramps shall comply with the American National Standard Institute No. ANSI All7.1-1961 (R1971).

SECTION 52. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 484, 485 AND 486, SECTION 3309(h) SMOKEPROOF ENCLOSURES BY MECHANICAL VENTILATION, SUB-SECTION 11, AIR-CONDITIONED BUILDINGS, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: In buildings with air-conditioning systems or pressure air supply, a products of combustion detector conforming to the requirements of Section 4306(b) shall be placed in the return air prior to exhausting from the building or being diluted by outside air and so located as to operate and shut off building system in case of smoke in the air stream, or such devices may be installed in each room or space served by a return air duct.

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SECTION 53. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 503, SECTION 3704, MASONRY CHIMNEYS, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) DESIGN. Masonry chimneys shall be designed and constructed to

comply with Section 3703(b) and Section 3704(b).

- (b) WALLS. Walls of masonry chimneys shall be constructed as set forth in Table No. 37-B.
- (c) REINFORCING AND SEISMIC ANCHORAGE. Unless a specific design is provided, every masonry or concrete chimney in Seismic Zones No. 2 and No. 3 shall be reinforced with not less than four (4) No. 4 steel reinforcing bars conforming to the provisions of Chapter 24 or 26 of this Code. ((The-bare-shall-extend-the-full height-of-the-chimney-and-shall-be-spliced-in-accordance-with-the applicable-requirements-of-Ghapters-24-and-26. The-bars-shall-be tied-herisentally-at-18-inch-intervals-with-not-less-than-l/4-inch diameter-steel-ties---Two-ties-shall-also-be-placed-at-each-bend-in vertical-bars. Where-the-width-of-the-chimney-exceeds-46-inches, two-additional-No--4-vertical-bars-shell-be-provided-for-each-additional-flue-incorporated-in-the-chimney-or-for-each-additional-40 inches-in-width-er-fraction-thereof. The bars shall extend from the top of the smoke chamber to the chimney cap in a fireplace and the full height of a chimney not serving a fireplace, and shall be spliced in accordance with the applicable requirements of Chapter 24 and 26. The bars shall be tied horizontally at sixteen (16) inc. intervals for concrete products and nine (9) inch intervals for stacked bond of all products with one-quarter inch diameter steel ties or four-inch standard weight joint reinforcement when .(1) the distance between the vertical bars and the exterior face of the chimney is greater than twenty (20) inches and/or (2) the distance between the vertical bars is greater than twenty-eight (28) inches; however, regardless of spacing, horizontal reinforcement shall be provided at all floor and ceiling lines as well as in the chimney Interior voids within the chimney which are wider than twenty-

-four (24) inches shall have a cross wall added which shall be anchored at all floor and ceiling lines. Where the width of the chimney exceeds sixty (60) inches, two additional No. 4 verticle bars shall be provided for each additional sixty (60) inches in width or fraction thereof.

In Seismic Zones No. 2 and No. 3, all masonry and concrete chimneys shall be anchored at each floor or ceiling line more than six (6) feet above grade, except when constructed completely withi the exterior walls of the building. Anchorage shall consist of two three-sixteenth-inch by one-inch steel straps ((east-at-least 18-inahes-inte-the-ahimmey-with-a-188-degree-bend-with-a-f-inah extension-around-the-vertical-reinforcing-barc-in-the-outer-face-c the-ehimney-)) connected around the nearest vertical bars with a one hundred eighty (180) degree bend or a ninety (90) degree bend with a six (6) inch extention into the grout space. Straps cast into the chimney with a one hundred eighty (180) degree bend or a ninety (90) degree bend with a six (6) inch extention into the grout space around the vertical bars in the outer face of the chim ney will eliminate the need for horizontal reinforcement when the distance between the vertical bars and the exterior face is less than twenty (20) inches and/or the distance between vertical bars is less than twenty-eight (28) inches.

Each strap shall be fastened to the structural framework of the building with two one-half (½) inch bolts per strap. Where th joists do not head into the chimney the anchor straps shall be connected to two-inch by four-inch ties crossing a minimum of four joists. The ties shall be connected to each joist with two 16d nails. Metal chimneys shall be anchored at each roof and ceiling with two 1½-inch by 1/8-inch metal straps looped around the outside of the chimney insulation and nailed with six 8d nails per strap to the roof or ceiling framing.

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(d) CHIMNEY OFFSET. Masonry chimneys may be offset at a slope of not more than four inches in twenty-four (24) inches but not more than one-third of the dimension of the chimney in the directic of the offset. Where lined, the lining shall be cut to fit.

- (e) CHANGE IN SIZE OR SHAPE. Changes in the size or shape of a masonry chimney, where the chimney passes through the roof, shall not be made within a distance of six inches above or below the roof joists or rafters.
- (f) SEPARATION OF MASONRY CHIMNEY PASSAGEWAYS. More than two flues in a chimney shall be separated by a masonry wall not less than four inches thick bonded into the masonry wall of the chimney.
- (g) INLETS. Every inlet to any masonry chimney shall enter the side thereof and shall be of not less than 1/8-inch thick metal or 5/8-inch thick refractory material."

SECTION 54. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 504, SECTION 3707(c), FIREPLACE WALLS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Masonry walls of fireplaces shall be not less than eight inches in thickness. Walls of fireboxes shall be not less than ten inches in thickness, except that where a lining of firebrick is used such walls shall be not less than a total of eight inches in thickness. The firebox shall not be less than ((20-inches-in-depth-)) twenty-two (22) inches measured from the back of the firebox to the finished face of the fireplace and shall be lined with 4½ inches of firebrick in the back and 2½ inches of firebrick on the sides.

Joints in firebrick shall not exceed 1/4 inch.

SECTION 55. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 504 AND 505, SECTION 3707(k), HEARTH, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Every mason ry fireplace shall be provided with a brick, concrete, stone, or other approved noncombustible hearth slab at least twelve (12) inche wider on each side than the fireplace opening and projecting at least ((18)) sixteen (16) inches therefrom. This slab shall be not

less than four inches thick <u>unless otherwise approved by the Director of Building</u> and shall be supported by noncombustible mate ials or reinforced to carry its own weight and all imposed loads. Combustible forms and centering shall be removed.

When the fireplace opens into the interior of the building, the hearth slab shall be readily distinguishable from the surrounding or adjacent flooring."

SECTION 56. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 514 AND 515, SECTION 3804(b), WHERE REQUIRED, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Wet standpipes extending from the cellar or basement into the topmost story shall be provided in Groups A and B, Divisions 1 and 2, Occupancies with an occupant load exceeding 1000; in Groups C, D, E, F, G, and H Occupancies four or more stories in height; and in Groups E and F Occupancies having a floor ar exceeding 20,000 square feet per floor.

EXCEPTION: 1. Wet standpipes are not required in buildings equipped throughout with an automatic fire-extinguishing syst

- 2. Wet standpipes are not required in basements or cellars equipped with a complete automatic fire-extinguishing system.
- 3. Wet standpipes shall not be required in assembly areas uses solely for worship.
- 4. The Director of Building may, upon written recommendation of the Fire Marshal and local Fire Chief, alter the requirements of wet standpipes by substituting dry standpipes.

 The dry standpipes to be installed in accordance with the requirements of dry standpipe installations. Where substitution of dry standpipes for wet standpipes is permitted, the available water supply shall conform with requirements of Section 3804(d)4."

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SECTION 57. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGE 516, SECTION 3805(b) WHERE REQUIRED, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Combination standpipes may be installed in lieu of wet and dry standpipe system When installed, one combination standpipe shall be required for every stairway or smokeproof enclosure that extends from the ground floor to the roof in buildings exceeding one hundred fifty (150) feet in height."

SECTION 58. NEW SECTION. WATERFRONT STRUCTURES - PIERS, WHARVES AND BUILDINGS. There is hereby added to the UNIFORM BUIL ING CODE a NEW CHAPTER 56 to read as follows:

CHAPTER 56. WATERFRONT STRUCTURES - PIERS, WHARVES AND BUILINGS.

SECTION 5601 - SCOPE

SECTION 5602 - DEFINITIONS

SECTION 5603 - AREA AND HEIGHT ALLOWABLE FOR WATERFRONT STRUCTURES

SECTION 5604 - LOCATION ON PROPERTY

SECTION 5605 - SUBSTRUCTURE

SECTION 5606 - SUPERSTRUCTURE

SECTION 5601 - SCOPE. Waterfront structures shall be subject to all the requirements of this Code relating to other structures as limited, added to, or otherwise specified in this Chapter.

For Occupancy separations see Table No. 5-B.

EXCEPTION: Fire-resistive walls as specified in Section 5600 (f) may be used as "One-Hour Fire-Resistive Occupancy Separations' and as separation between E-4 and B Occupancies, including the specified protection to openings, in buildings of Type III H.T., IV N and V N.

For occupant load see Section 3302 and Table No. 33-A.

SECTION 5602 - DEFINITIONS. (a) WATERFRONT STRUCTURES. For the purpose of this Section, waterfront structures shall incluall structures which have twenty (20) percent or more of their are over water, or a structure which has eight thousand (8,000) square feet over water.

(b) DOCK. A dock is a natural open or artificially closed basin in which vessels may remain afloat when berthed at a wharf or pier.

 (c) PIER. A pier is a structure, usually of greater length than width, of timber, stone, concrete or other material, having a deck, and projecting from the shore into navigable waters so that vessels may be moored alongside for loading and unloading or for storage or repairs.

- (d) SUBSTRUCTURE. The substructure is that portion of the construction below and including the deck.
- (e) SUPERSTRUCURE. The superstructure is that portion of the construction above the deck.
- (f) WHARF OR QUAY. A wharf or quay is a sturcture of timber, stone, concrete or other material having a platform built along and parallel to navigable waters so that vessels may be moored alongside for loading and unloading, or for storage or repair.

SECTION 5603 - AREA AND HEIGHT ALLOWABLE FOR WATERFRONT STRUCTURES. Height and areas shall comply with requirements of Tables 5-C and 5-D, except that the increase allowed in Section 506 is not applicable to waterfront structures.

EXCEPTIONS: (1) Type III H.T. or one hour construction of one or two stories and F or G occupancy may be unlimited in area.

- (2) In covered boat moorages where water covers more than fifty (50) percent of the floor area of the structure, the areas in Table 5-C may be increased not to exceed four hundred (400) percent when completely sprinklered.
- (3) Each covered area of a boat moorage may be considered as a separate building, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) Maximum individual areas shall be eight thousand (8000) square feet.
 - (b) Walkways, finger piers and other decked areas shall not exceed thirty (30) percent of the area of the roof that extends over water.

(c) When a distance of exit travel exceeds three hundred (300) feet, an approved four inch-dry standpipe with two and one-half (2%) inch outlets at a maximum of one hundred (100) feet on center shall be provided. There shall be a Siamese connection at the shore end and direct acce for Fire Department pumping apparatus shall be provided. (d) Covered areas shall be separated a minimum of sixtee (16) feet.

- (e) Maximum width of connecting walkways shall be ten (10) feet.
- (f) Each covered area shall be provided with the following: i. Vents or monitors of not less than five percent of the roof area. ii. An approved draft stop across the end of each roof area when such end is within thirty (30 feet of an adjacent building. The draft stop shall extend to a line of the lower edge of the roof. A draft stop constructed in accordance with Section 5605 shall be provided in the walkway between individual roofed areas.
- (g) There shall be no storage on the piers or walkways within the covered areas. Uses accessory to the principal occupancy shall be permitted, provided they are conducted in an area separated from the moorage area by a minimum of sixteen (16) feet, and that the exposed sic of the moorage area is protected by a one-hour fire separation extending two and one-half (2½) feet above the roof line and below the deck to County datum if salt water, or to low water if over fresh water, or to a depth of six feet. One story super-structures shall be permitted for accessory uses, but shall not exceed one thousand (1,000) square feet in area nor twenty (20) feet in height.

SECTION 5604 - LOCATION ON PROPERTY. Except when waterfront structures are separated by a dack on the same property and of a width of not less than that required in Section 5603 from an unprotected opening to a property line, exterior walls and openings shall have a fire-resistive protection as determined by location on property.

EXCEPTION: In covered boat moorages, exterior walls which are entirely built over water may be 2 x 6 T. & G. non-combustible both sides regardless of proximity to property lines. Where such walls (even though part of such covered boat moorage) are built on land, this exception shall not apply.

SECTION 5605 - SUBSTRUCTURE. (a) CONSTRUCTION. Substructure may be of any type construction permitted in this Code subject to the area limitation of Section 5603 except that of wood, exclusive of piling, the members ahll be not less in least dimension than the following:

18 19	Member	Nominal Size Unlimited Use	Piers for Boat Mooring Only. Not exceeding 10 feet in Width
20	Caps and Girders	8"	6"
21			D ."
22	Joists, Beams and Other Members	4" .	3"
23	Flooring or Deck	3" T & G or splined or 4" square edged	2"
24			
25	Bracing	3"	2"

If under roof there shall be applied over the flooring or deck a tight fitting wearing floor, of soft wood not less than two inche thick and not more than six inches wide; or of one-inch thick hardwood; or of other material with equivalent fire resistance.

EXCEPTION: Covered piers for moorage only, need not have a wearing floor.

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(b) DRAFT STOPS. Draft stops shall be installed in all substructures constructed of combustible materials, exclusive of piling and pile bracing. They shall be placed not over one hundred (100) feet apart measured along the main axis of the pier or wharf They shall fit tightly around all joists, beams, etc. and extend from the underside of the deck to County datum if over salt water and to low water if over fresh water with a maximum required depth of six feet. See Section 5606(f) for draft stops under fireresistive walls in superstructure.

Substructure draft stops shall be constructed of not less that two thicknesses of two-inch nominal thickness lumber laid with broken joints or materials of equal fire resistance.

(c) AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS. Automatic sprinklers shall be installed under the substructure of every future waterfront structur in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 38.

EXCEPTIONS. Automatic sprinklers are not required under the following categories of substructure:

- i. Combustible substructures having no superstructures.
- Combustible substructures with superstructures where r ii. sprinklers are required for said superstructure under Section 5606.
- iii. Noncombustible substructures with or without superstructures.
 - Substructures, over other than tidal water, where sprinkler heads cannot be installed with a minimum clearance of four feet above mean high water.
 - Substructures resulting from walkways or finger piers when width does not exceed ten (10) feet:

 SECTION 5606 - SUPERSTRUCTURE. (a) CONSTRUCTION. Superstructures shall be of Type I, II, III H.T., IV N or V N construction, subject to the height and area limitations of Section 5603 and the following requirements or modifications.

- (b) FLOORS. See Section 5605.
- (c) EXTERIOR WALLS. Exterior walls of Type III H.T., IV N or VN buildings, when not subject to the requirements of Section 5604 because of their proximity to property lines, may be constructed or matched or lapped lumber not less than two inches thick and not more than six inches wide, or the exterior walls may be constructe of matched or lapped lumber not less than one inch thick with a weather covering applied directly to the wood of noncombustible material. Fire stops shall be required in stud walls to cut off all concealed draft openings both vertical and horizontal as specified in Chapter 25. Openings in exterior walls shall be of the construction required for the fire-resistive construction of the walls.
- (d) ROOF COVERING. Roof covering shall be "fire-retardant" roofing as specified in Section 3203. See Section 104(f) for repairs.
- (e) ROOF CONSTRUCTION. In Type III H.T. the roof may be constructed of corrugated galvanized steel or approved equivalent attached directly to steel or wood purlins in lieu of the lumber covering specified in Section 2006.
- (f) FIRE-RESISTIVE WALLS. In Type III H.T., IV N and V N buildings, there shall be at least one fire-resistive wall from the deck to at least three feet above the roof for each five hundred (500) feet of length. Areas greater than one hundred thousand (100,000) square feet shall be divided with such fire-resistive walls. There shall be a draft stop constructed in

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accordance with Section 5605(b), installed in the substructure immediately below every required fire-resistive wall when the deck is of combustible materials.

"Fire-resistive" walls shall be constructed of not less than two thicknesses of two inch T & G or splined lumber not over six inches in width placed vertically with broken joints and galvaniz metal between or equally fire-resistive construction.

Openings in fire-resistive walls shall be protected with Class "C" fire doors without glass and shall be automatic closing

- (g) DRAFT STOPS. Draft stops shall be installed in accordan with the requirements of Section 3205 except that they shall be installed not over one hundred (100) feet apart, measured along t main axis of the building.
- (h) STAIRS AND EXITS. Stairs and exits shall be provided as specified in Chapter 33.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. An exterior exit shall be considered to be the point of termination of stairs at the deck or they may terminate at the side other than street front of a waterfron structure if an open deck at least ten (10) feet in width ex tends from the exit to a public way, except in B Occupancies Exterior stairs shall not be permitted in B Occupancies.

- 2. In B Occupancies exterior exits other than the main exit as required by Section 3316 may terminate at the side other than street front of a waterfront structure if an open deck at least ten (10) feet in width extends from the exit to a public way.
- The distance of travel permitted in Section 3302(d) shall be reduced by twenty-five (25) percent in B Occupancies.
- 4. Boat moorages which have no sales, service, or repair facilities may have a single exit not less than three feet wide and shall be exempt from the maximum distance of travel limitations of Section 3302(d).

(i) LIGHT AND VENTILATION. All portions of waterfront buildings customarily used by human beings shall be provided with light and ventilation by means of windows or skylights with an area not less than ten percent of the total floor area or shall be provided with artificial light and a mechanically operated ventilating system. (See Chapter 5 for court requirements.)

EXCEPTION: Superstructures whose primary use is warehousing and where normal population density does not exceed one persoper one thousand (1,000) square feet of area are exempt from the requirements of this subsection.

(j) AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS. The following requirements shall be retroactive. Automatic sprinklers shall be installed in the superstructure of every waterfront building in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 38. Such installations shall be made and completed in existing buildings within six months from the effective date of this ordinance.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. Automatic sprinklers shall not be required in the superstructure of waterfront buildings which are less than eight thousand (8,000) square feet in area in Fire Zone No. 3.

- 2. Automatic sprinklers shall not be required in one story superstructures which do not exceed one thousand (1,000) square feet in area nor twenty feet in height.
- 3. Sprinklers not required in buildings of Group F-2 or H
 Occupancy of Type I construction where no one assembly room
 exceeds one thousand (1,000) square feet in area, provided the entire substructure shall be of Type I construction.
 - 4. Sprinklers not required in buildings of Type II, III, IV and V construction of Group H Occupancy and Group F-2 Occupancies, such as office buildings, lodge halls, exposition

halls, club rooms, specialty schools, and social halls, the occupant load of which is less than one hundred (100), cold storage and commercial greenhouses, provided: (1) the area shall not exceed that allowed in Table 5-C, (2) the substructure shall be noncombustible with two-hour fire-resistive slab under the entire structure, and (3) no one room shall exceed one thousand (1,000) square feet in area.

SECTION 59. NEW SECTION. ADDRESSING OF PROPERTY, BUILDINGS OR PREMISES. There is hereby added to the UNIFORM BUILDING CODE a NEW CHAPTER 65 to read as follows:

CHAPTER 65. ADDRESSING OF PROPERTY, BUILDINGS OR PREMISES.

SECTION 6501 - SCOPE

SECTION 6502 - METHOD

SECTION 6503 - APPLICATION TO NEW BUILDINGS

SECTION 6504 - APPLICATION TO EXISTING BUILDINGS

SECTION 6505 - ENFORCEMENT

SECTION 6506 - MAINTENANCE

SECTION 6507 - RECORDS

SECTION 6508 - APPEAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 6501 - SCOPE. The purpose of this chapter shall be the systematic addressing of the principal entrance or frontage of all residential, commercial, or industrial buildings or other uses in conformance with the Grid System as established and now in use in the unincorporated portions of King County.

SECTION 6502 - METHOD. The assignment of addresses will be based on the following criteria: Even numbers shall be used on the northerly side of streets and other public or private right-of-way extending in an easterly and westerly direction and on the easterl side of avenues or other public or private right-of-ways extending in a northerly and southerly direction.

Odd numbers shall be used on the southerly side of streets or other public or private right-of-ways extending in an easterly or westerly direction, and on the westerly side of avenues and other public or private right-of-ways extending in a northerly and south erly direction.

One whole number shall be allotted to each ten feet of frontage and the number shall be computed from the nearest intersection (actual or theoretical) in accordance with the County Grid System. SECTION 6503 - APPLICATION TO NEW BUILDINGS. The assignment of addresses for new buildings will automatically be done in conjunction with the issuance of a building permit by the Building Division.

SECTION 6504 - APPLICATION TO EXISTING BUILDINGS. Verification of existing address assignments will be handled in the same manner as noted in Section 6503 when building permits are issued for additions, alterations or modifications of existing buildings however, when there are no building permits involved, verification of existing addresses may be made on request by the owner, occupa or lessee. Such request shall be in writing to the Director of Building and shall contain the legal description of the property upon which the building or premise is located, together with the location of the doors or entrances to be numbered and the current address.

SECTION 6505 - ENFORCEMENT. The Director of Building is hereby charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter. The Director of Building shall, upon application or request of the owner of any property, ascertain the correct address thereof in accordance with the addressing system as set forth in this chapter.

Whenever the irregularity of plats, the changing direction of the public or private right-of-ways, the interruption of the continuity of public or private right-of-ways or any other condition causes doubt or difference of opinion as to the correct address of any piece of property or any building thereon, the address shall be determined by the Director of Building. The Director of Building shall be guided by the specific provisions of this chapter so far as they are applicable and, when not applicable, by such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary to carry out the intent of this chapter.

SECTION 6506 - MAINTENANCE. (a) The owner, occupant, or ı 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

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lessee of any building or other structure shall maintain the address thereof, as provided herein, in a conspicuous place over or near the principal entrance or entrances or in such other conspicuous place as is necessary for visually locating such address, provided that this shall not be construed to require addresses on either appurtenant building or other buildings or structures should the Director of Building find that such addressing thereof is not essential.

- (b) The address numbers shall be easily legible figures, not less than two inches high, contrasting with the color of the building or other structure upon which they are placed.
- (c) Should the Director of Building find that any building, structure, or premise is not provided with an address as herein provided, or is not correctly addressed, he shall notify the owner agent or lessee of the correct address number and require that same be properly placed, in accordance with the provisions of this section, within a reasonable period of time. It shall be unlawful for any owner, agent, or lessee to display, advertise or use the wrong address number after notification by the Director of Building.

SECTION 6507 - RECORDS. The Director of Building shall maintain an accurate record of addresses assigned to buildings, structures, or premises within the unincorporated confines of King County.

SECTION 6508 - APPEAL PROVISIONS. In order to provide for final interpretation of the provisions of Chapter 65 and to hear appeals provided for hereunder, the King County Board of Appeals, as established by Article 7 of the King County Charter, is hereby designated to hear such appeals. The Board may adopt reasonable rules and regulations for conducting its business and shall render

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all decisions and findings in writing to the appellant with a copy to the Director of Building. Appeals to the Board shall be processed in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 1201 of the Uniform Housing Code. Copies of all rules or regulations adopted by the Board shall be delivered to the Director of Buildin who shall make them freely accessible to the public.

 SECTION 60. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 633 AND 634, APPENDIX, CHAPTER 13, EXISTING BUILDINGS, SECTION 1313, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 61. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 640 AND 641, APPENDICHAPTER 23, WEIGHTS OF BUILDING MATERIALS, SECTION 2314(1), EARTHQUAKE RECORDING INSTRUMENTATIONS, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 62. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 642 THROUGH 647, APPENDIX, CHAPTER 35, SOUND TRANSMISSION CONTROL, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 63. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 648 THROUGH 652, CHAPTER 51, ELEVATORS, DUMBWAITERS, ESCALATORS, AND MOVING WALKS, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 64. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE, PAGES 655 THROUGH 664, APPENDIX, CHAPTER 70, EXCAVATION AND GRADING, is hereby repealed. For regulations pertaining to grading and filling, refer to Ordinance 1488 - K.C.C. 16.82.

CHAPTER III

UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES SECTION 1. DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES TO UNIFORM MECHANIC CODE. The following deletions, additions and changes in said code are necessary for application in King County.

SECTION 2. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 3, SECTION 201(a), GENERAL, is hereby amended to read as follows: "The ((Building Official)) Director of Building is hereby authorized and directed to enforce all the provisions of this code including the Fuel Gas Piping requirements of Chapter 22 for single installations of comfort heating equipment only; the remaining multiple installation requirements contained in Chapter 22 of Appendix B, Fuel Gas Pipin shall be enforced by the Director of Public Health. For such purpose ((he)) they shall have the powers of a police officer."

SECTION 3. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 4, SECTION 202, 16 VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES, is hereby amended to read as follows: 17 "It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to erec 18 install, alter, repair, relocate, add to, replace, use, or maintain 19 heating, ventilating, cooling, or refrigeration equipment in the 20 jurisdiction, or cause the same to be done, contrary to or in vio-21 lation of any of the provisions of this Code. Maintenance of equip 22 ment which was unlawful at the time it was installed and which 23 would be unlawful under this Code if installed after the effective 24 date of this Code, shall constitute a continuing violation of this Code.

Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisio: of this Code shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and each sucl person shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense for each and every day or portion thereof during which any violation of any of the provisions of this Code is committed, continued, or permitted, and upon conviction of any such violation such person shall be

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punishable by a fine of not more than ((\$599.99)) \$250.00, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

CIVIL PENALTY AND APPEAL. In addition to or as an alternate to any other judicial or administrative remedy provided herein or by law, any person, firm, corporation or organization violating any of the provisions of this code, or by each act of commission or omission procures, aids or abets such violation, shall incur a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of three dollars per day, per each violation, plus billable costs of the Building Division, Department of Community and Environmental Development, from the date set for compliance until such violation is corrected or such notice of violation order is complied with. All civil penalties and appeals will be enforced and collected in accordance with the procedure specified in the Uniform Housing Code, 1973 Edition, as amended and adopted by this Ordinance."

SECTION 4. UNIFORM MECHANCIAL CODE, PAGE 4, SECTION 203, BOARD OF APPEALS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "In order to determine the suitability of alternate materials and methods of construction and to provide for reasonable interpretatio of the provisions of this Code, there shall be and is hereby create a <u>Building Code</u> <u>Advisory</u> <u>and</u> Appeals Board, consisting of ((five)) thirteen members who are qualified by experience and training to pass upon matters pertaining to building construction. The ((34526 ing Official)) Director of Building shall be an ex officio member and shall act as Secretary of the Board. The Building Code Advisor and Appeals Board shall be appointed by the ((appointing-authority) County Executive, confirmed by the County Council, ((end-shall-held effice-at-his-pleasure)) and shall serve for a two-year term or until their successor is appointed and qualified. The Board shall adopt reasonable rules and regulations for conducting its investigations and shall render all decisions and findings in writing

to the Director of Building, with a duplicate copy to the appellan and may recommend to the County Council such new legislation as is consistent herewith."

SECTION 5. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 7, SECTION 303(b), EXPIRATION, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Every permit issued by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building under the provisions of this Code shall expire by limitation and become null and void ((,if-the-building-or-work-authorised-og-such-permit-is not-commenced-within-60-days-from-the-date-of-such-germity-or-if the-building-sr-werk-authorised-by-such-permit-is-sussended-er abandened-at-any-time-after-the-work-is-commenced-for-a-period-of ±20-days.)) one year from date of issue. Before such work can be recommenced a new permit shall be first obtained so to do within fifteen days of the date that the permit becomes null and void, and the fee therefore shall be ((ene-half)) one-third the amount required for a new permit for such work, provided ((ne-changes have-been-made-er-will-be-made-in-the-eriginal-plans-and-speeifications-for-such-work;-and-provided;-further;-that-such-suspension-or-abandonment-has-not-exceeded-one-year+)) that the maximum fee for a permit for a Group I or J Occupancy shall be \$20.00 and for all other occupancies the maximum fee shall be \$50.00. The minimum fee for renewal of any occupancy shall be \$15.00. One renewal of permit shall be granted provided that there are no changes in the original plans and specifications for such work. Successive renewals beyond the first will require that: (1) substantial work has been commenced; (2) there are no changes in the original plans and specifications for such work; (3) any changes since the issuance of the permit in Zoning Code, Building Code or other relevant ordinances shall be reflected by amending the plans, specifications and permit application to conform with the updated regulations.

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EXCEPTION: Permits issued for major commercial projects

(Occupancy Groups A through H inclusive), on which substantial work is continuously performed and the necessary periodic inspections are made, shall be extended beyond the one-year period without cost."

SECTION 6. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGES 8 AND 9, SECTION 304, PERMIT FEES, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: PERMIT FEES. Any person desiring a permit required by this Code, shall at the time of filing an application therefore, pay a fee as required by this Section.

A minimum fee of \$15.00 shall be charged for those permits which are not issued in conjunction with a building permit.

EXCEPTION: Those gas piping permits issued by the Director of Public Health.

All special services extended to the public which are not herein unumerated, and on which costs are incurred, shall be compensated by a fee sufficient to cover costs incurred as determined by the Director of Building.

1	Retund of permit less may be made upon request by the per-		
2	mittee and submission of his permit copy, but shall not include		
3	that portion of the fee upon which a service or expense was in-		
4	curred.		
5	1. For the issuance of each permit\$ 3.00		
6	2. Installation or relocation of each forced-air or		
7	gravity-type furnace or burner, including ducts		
8	and vents attached to such appliance:		
9	(a) up to and including 100,000 B.t.u.'s output or		
10	29 K.W.'s		
11	(b) over 100,000 B.t.u.'s or 29 K.W.'s through		
12	200,000 B.t.u.'s output or 58 K.W.'s 8.00		
13	(c) each additional 10,000 B.t.u.'s output or		
14	2.9 K.W.'s over 200,000 B.t.u.'s output or		
15	58 K.W.'s through 500,000 B.t.u.'s output or		
16	146 K.W.'s 1.00		
17	(d) each additional 10,000 B.t.u.'s output or		
18	2.9 K.W.'s over 500,000 B.t.u.'s or 146 K.W.'s 1.20		
19	Note: The maximum fee for conversion burners and		
20	make up air furnaces shall be 25.00		
21	3. Installation or relocation of each floor furnace		
22	including vent 5.00		
23	.4. Installation or relocation of each gas, oil or		
24	electric suspended heater, recessed wall heater		
25	or floor mounted space heater, wall furnace,		
26	circulating heater or factory-built fireplace		
27	stove 5.00		
28	5. Installation, relocation or replacement of each		
29	appliance vent installed and not included in an		
30	appliance permit		
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נ	6. Repair of, alteration of, or addition to each	
2		
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6) }	\$ 5.00
7	7. Installation or relcoation of each boiler or	, J.05
8		
9	(a) to and including three horsepower, or each	
10	absorption system to and including	
11	100,000 B.t.u.'s	6.00
12	(b) over three horsepower to and including 15	0.00
13	horsepower, or each absorption system over	
14	100,000 B.t.u.'s to and including 500,000	
15	B.t.u.'s	9.00
16	(c) over 15 horsepower to and including 30 horse-	7.00
17.	power, or each absorption sytem over	
18	500,000 B.t.u.'s to and including 1,000,000	•
19	B.t.u.'s	14.00
20	(d) over 30 horsepower to and including 50 horse-	
21	power, or for each absorption system over	
22	1,000,000 B.t.u.'s to and including 1,750,000	
23	B.t.u.'s	20.00
24	· (e) over 50 horsepower, or each absorption system	
25	over 1,750,000 B.t.u.'s	30.00
26	Note: See Footnote 1 and 3 for the above listed	•
27	installations.	
28	8. Each air handling unit:	
29	(a) to and including 10,000 cubic feet per minute,	
30	including ducts attached thereto	10.00
31	(b) over 10,000 cubic feet per minute	10.00
32	plus \$1.00 per each additional 10,000 CFM.	
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1	9.	Each evaporative cooler other than portable	
2		type	\$ 4.00
3	10.	Each ventilation fann connected to:	
4		(a) a single duct (see footnote 2)	4.00
5		(b) multiple inlets	6.00
6	11.	Each ventilation system which is not a portion of	
7		any heating or air conditioning system authorized	
8		by a permit (see footnote 2)	10.00
9	12.	Installation of each hood which is served by .	
10	•	mechanical exhaust, including the ducts for such	
11	•	hood (see footnote 2)	15.00
12	13.	Installation of fuel storage tanks:	
13		(a) first tank	7.00
14		(b) each additional tank	3.00
15	14.	Installation or relocation of each commercial or	
16		industrial type incinerator	20.00
17	15.	Installation of gas piping:	
18		(a) one through four outlets	6.00
19		(b) additional outlets each	2.00
20	16.	Each appliance or piece of equipment or other	
21	•	work regulated by this Code but not classed in	
22		other categories, or for which no other fee is	
23		listed in this Code at the rate of	16.00
24		per hour, or a minimum of	5.00
25	foothore it for tee purposes, the lottowing conversions		ns
26	(a	all be used:) one kilowatt equals 3,413 B.t.u.'s;	
27) one horsepower (boiler) equals 33,000 B.t.u.'s) one horsepower (heat pump) equals 12,000 B.t.u.'s	
28	FO	(heat pump includes compressor). OTNOTE 2: Exclude Group H and I Occupancies	
29	FO	OTNOTE 3: Permits for all commercial boiler and compr	ressor
30		stallations shall be obtained from the State of Washi partment of Labor and Industries.	ington
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SECTION 7. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 12, SECTION 405, CENTRAL HEATING PLANT OR HEATING PLANT, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: CENTRAL HEATING PLANT OR HEATING PLANT is comfort heating equipment or heat source within a building which source employs flame or direct resistance electric energy to supply heat through ducts or pipes serving areas other than the room in which the plant is located.

SECTION 8. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGES 38 AND 39, SECTION 603(e), SCREEN, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Every combustion air opening shall be covered with corresion-resistant screen of ((1/4)) one-half inch mesh except as noted in Section 603 (a) 2. EXCEPTION: fourth paragraph."

SECTION 9. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 43, SECTION 704, LOCATION, SUBSECTION 5., is hereby amended to read as follows:
"In a Group A, B, C, D, F or G Occupancy, unless separated from the rest of the building by not less than a One-hour Fire-resistive Occupancy Separation.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. Boilers or central heating plants where the largest piece of fuel equipment does not exceed 400,000 B.t.u. per hour input.

- 2. Buildings not more than one story in height of Group F,
 Division 2 Occupancies with an occupant load of less than 30.
- 3. Equipment installed on the roof of a building.
- 4. This requirement shall not apply to any central heating plant having a heat source which does not employ flame or direct resistance electric energy."

SECTION 10. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 56, SECTION 904, LOCATION AND SUPPORT OF VENTING SYSTEMS OTHER THAN CHIMMEYS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "A combustion products vent, vent connector or exhaust duct shall not extend into or through any air duct or plenum.

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EXCEPTION: A venting system may pass through a combustion air duct.

((Partians-of-venta-waich-extend-threagh-ecopied-opieds

chall-be-enclosed-to-avoid-personal-contact-with-or-damage-to-the

vent-))

The base of every vent which extends to the ground shall res on a solid masonry or concrete base not less than 2 inches in thi ness. The base of every vent which does not extend to the ground and is not self-supporting, shall rest on a firm metal or masonry support.

Appliances shall not be vented into a fireplace or into a chimney serving a fireplace.

All venting systems shall be adequately supported for the weight and the design of the material used."

SECTION 11. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGES 76 AND 77, SECTION 1004, INSTALLATION OF DUCTS, is hereby amended by adding a new subsection (c) to read as follows: "FLEXIBLE DUCT CONNECTO: Flexible duct connectors between duct and air outlets may be used in any occupancy if they conform to the following provisions:

- 1. They shall not exceed twelve (12) feet in length;
- 2. They shall not penetrate construction where fire dampers are required;
- 3. They shall not pass through floors;
- 4. They shall not be used within 6 feet of the heating elemen
- 5. The temperature of the air to be conveyed through such cornectors shall not be more than 250° F.;
- 6. Connectors 8 inches and less in diameter shall conform to the requirements for Class 2 air ducts;
- 7. Connectors exceeding 8 inches in diameter shall conform to the requirements for Class I air ducts;

- S. They shall be insulated in accordance with the requirements of Section 1005 of this Code.
- 9. Connectors shall be labeled by the manufacturer as to their compliance with U.M.C. Standard No. 10-1 and the class designations thereof."

SECTION 12. NEW SECTION. VENTILATION - NATURAL AND MECHAN-ICAL. There is hereby added to the UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE a NEW CHAPTER 11B to read as follows:

CHAPTER 11B. VENTILATION - NATURAL AND MECHANICAL.

SECTION 1101B - SCOPE

SECTION 1102B - GENERAL

SECTION 1103B - METHODS OF PRODUCING VENTILATION

SECTION 1104B - VENTILATING OPENINGS DEFINED

SECTION 1105B - AREA OF VENTILATING OPENINGS

SECTION 1106B - VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1107B - TABLE NO. 11B, MINIMUM MECHANICAL
VENTILATING REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1108B - SOURCE OF AIR SUPPLY

SECTION 1109B - AIR INLETS AND OUTLETS

SECTION 1110B - POINT OF EXHAUST DISCHARGE

SECTION 1111B - TOILET ROOM SYSTEMS

SECTION 1112B - HEATING FOR MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

SECTION 1113B - INTERPRETATION OF REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1101B - SCOPE. For the purpose of this Chapter, ventilation is hereby defined as the providing and maintaining in rooms or spaces, by natural or mechanical means, minimum air conditions to protect the health of occupants thereof. (The comfort of such occupants may require more ventilation than the minimum health standards set forth in this Chapter.)

SECTION 1102B - GENERAL. Installation of all ventilating systems provided for in this Code shall conform to the provisions of this Chapter (except where State laws apply). Requirements, as herein stated, shall apply to every room hereafter erected, altered, or converted for the purposes enumerated or those purpos not enumerated but similar to those enumerated.

SECTION 1103B - METHODS OF PRODUCING VENTILATION

Ventilation may be produced by:

(a) a natural ventilating system which depends of

- (a) a natural ventilating system which depends on atmospheric conditions and the operation of exterior windows, transoms and other openings;
- (b) a mechanical ventilating supply system which forces air into a room or space by artificial means combined with the removal of air through windows, skylights, doors, transoms, grilles, shaft ducts or other openings;
- (c) a mechanical ventilating exhaust system which removes air from a room or space by artificial means combined with a supply of air through windows, skylights, transoms, doors, grilles, ducts, or other openings.

SECTION 1104B - VENTILATING OPENINGS DEFINED. Ventilating openings in any room or space are hereby defined as apertures open ing upon a public street or alley, court, public park, public waterway, or onto a roof of a building or structure in which the room or space is situated. They shall be doors, windows, skylight transoms, or auxiliary openings which are provided for ventilating purposes and which are equipped with adjustable louvres, dampers, or other devices to deflect or diffuse the air currents.

SECTION 1105B - AREA OF VENTILATING OPENINGS. The area of ventilating openings shall be computed as follows:

WINDOWS: The maximum area that can be opened.

SKYLIGHTS: The minimum area of opening to the outer air through which air can flow.

TRANSOMS: The free area through the sashed opening.

AUXILIARY OPENINGS: The free area when louvres, dampers, or other devices are in position to deflect or diffuse the air currents.

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SECTION 1106B - VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS. Natural ventilation requirements shall be based on a percentage of the floor area of the occupancy group in the building in which they are located.

Mechanical ventilation requirements shall be based on the purpose for which rooms are used, regardless of type or occupancy of building in which they are located, and shall be as set forth in Table No. 11B.

The mechanical ventilating requirements for rooms not specified in Table No. 11B but used for purposes similar to those enumerated shall be the same as those for room purposes of similar character.

Where conditions of occupancy can be clearly demonstrated to require less ventilation than specified in Table No. 11B, the Director of Building may permit such lesser ventilation.

The method of producing ventilation and the quantities of air to be supplied and exhausted by mechanical ventilation system stated in Table No. 11B are minimum required to safeguard health. The requirements for natural ventilation shall be based on the following criteria:

OCCUPANCY GROUP	MINIMUM AREA
A, B, C, D, E, F & G	6.25%
H & I	5% (but in

Natural ventilation may be completely replaced or supplemented in part by mechanical ventilation system.

square feet)

REQUIREMENTS: 2 3 TABLE NO. 11B MINIMUM MECHANICAL VENTILATING REQUIREMENTS 4 5 CONDITIONS REQUIREMENTS Cubic feet of air per minute supplied or exhausted per sq. ft. of 6 Room Other Purpose . Conditions 7 floor area of rooms. 8 Except as otherwise noted S indicates mechanical supply. 9 E indicates mechanical exhaust. 10 Apartment units S .5 11 Assembly rooms Less concen-(except those trated S 1.0 and E 0.7 12 used for worship only) and Concentrated S 2.0 and E 1.4 13 Exhibition rooms Less concen-14 (except picture S 0.7 trated galleries and 15 rooms for Concentrated S 1.5 permanent 16 Exhibits) 17 Assembly rooms Less concenand Sunday trated S 0.7 18 Schools used for worship Concentrated S 1.5 19 only, Chapels 20 Bakeries, Food Stories be- S 1.2 and E 1.2 Baking Room low that near-21 est to grade Other stories E .6 22 Ballrooms S 2.0 and E 1.0 23 Bathrooms, 24 Residential E 1.0 or gravity exhaust of 1 sq. in. per sq. ft. of floor area. 25 Barber and S 1.2 and either mechanical or 26 Beauty Shops gravity exhaust. 27 Game and S 1.5 and E 1.5 Having more Amusement than four 28 rooms tables or amusement' 29 devices 30 Having four S 1.5 or E 1.5 or less tables

SECTION 1107B - TABLE NO. 11B, MINIMUM MECHANICAL VENTILATING

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or amusement devices

TABLE NO. 11B (continued)

MINIMUM MECHANICAL VENTILATING REQUIREMENTS

2	MINIMUM MECHANICAL VENTILATING REQUIREMENTS			
3	CONDITIONS		REQUIREMENTS	
4	Room	Otner Conditions	Cubic feet of air per minute sup-	
5	Purpose	Conditions	plied or exhuasted per sq. ft. of floor area of rooms.	
6	·		Except as otherwise noted	
7			S indicates mechanical supply. E indicates mechanical exhaust.	
8	Boiler rooms	٠	See Chapter 6, Section 607(f)	
9	Bowling	Disregard floor area from foul line to pit.	S 2.0 and E 2.0 in open spaces having no fixed seats plus S 20 and E 20 for each fixed seat.	
10	alleys			
11	Classrooms, Day	•	e 1 2	
12	Nurseries	٠	S 1.3, .	
13	Dining rooms		S 1.5 and E 1.5	
14	Dressing rooms		S 1.2 and E 1.2	
15	_			
16	Dwellings	·	S .5	
17	Electric Trans- former yaults		See Electrical Code	
18	Parking Garage	Entrance	E 3.0 in main entrance drive plus	
19	(enclosed) spaces for	story Any story	E .5 in car storage space. E .5 in car storage space.	
20	automobiles operated under	except entrance		
21	own power, single floor or	story		
22	elevator type, capacity 5 or			
23	more cars.	•		
24	(enclosed)	below en-	E 2.0 in ramps and drives between ramps in first story below en-	
25	spaces for automotibles	trance story	trance story, which may be reduce .2 for each story below (minimum	
26	operated under own power,		E .5) plus E.5 in car storage space.	
27		Entrance	E 3.0 in main entrance drive to	
28	capacity 5 or more cars.	story	ramp plus E .5 in car storage space.	
29		Any story	E 2.0 in ramps and drives between	
30		above en- trance story		
31			(Minimum E .5) plus'E .5 in car storage space.	
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TABLE NO. 11 B (continued)

. 2	. MINIMU	4 MECHANICAL	VENTILATING REQUIREMENTS
3	CONDITIONS		REQUIREMENTS
4 5	Purpose	Other Conditions	Cubic feet of air per minute supplied or exhausted per sq. ft. of floor area of rooms.
6			Except as otherwise noted
7			S indicates mechanical supply. E indicates mechanical exhaust.
. 8	for vehicles using internal combustion engines		E 3.0 See note No. 1 at end of table.
9			
10			
11	Gymnasiums		S .8 or 10/person where seats are provided, whichever is greater.
12 13	Kitchens commercial		S 1.2 and Exhaust, see Chapter 11 U.M.C.
14	Kitchens, domestic	•	E 2.0, or gravity exhaust 1 sq. ir per sq. ft. floor area but not
15	T - 3		smaller than 30 sq. in.
16	Laboratories Chemical		E .6 (see note No. 2 at end of table)
17	Laundries con-		E 1.0, or gravity exhaust.
18	taining equip- ment which		
19	can be used by more than one		
20	family at one time.		
21	Laundries,		S 1.5 or E 1.5
22	commercial		
23	Living rooms in other than		S .5
24	dwellings		
25	Loading spaces and appurtenant	•	E .5 (see note No. 2 at end of table)
26	driveway areas in manu- facturing and storage units,		(bee hove wo. 2 at end of table)
27			
28	for vehicles using internal		
29	comoustion engines		
30	Locker rooms		E 1.2
31	Lunch counters		E 2.0
32	and Rooms		

TABLE NO. 11B (continued)

2	MINIMU	M MECHÂNICAL	VENTILATING REQUIREMENTS
3	CONDITIONS		REQUIREMENTS
4	Room	Other	Cubic feet of air per minute sup-
5	Purpose	Conditions	plied or exhausted per sq. ft. of floor area of rooms.
6			Except as otherwise noted
7			S indicates mechanical supply. E indicates mechanical exhaust.
8 9	Motion picture, television and radio studios		S 1.5 and E 1.5
10	Museums		S .6 and E .6
11	Offices		
12	Packing, shipping		S 1.0 and E .8
13	and receiving	•	S.6 or E.6
14	Retail Paint		S. 6 B. 6
15	shops		S.6 or E.6
16	Reading, music, craft and art	•	S 1.0 or E 1.0
17	rooms		
18	Repair shops and hangars,	CO exhaust	S .5 or E .5 see Note No. 2 at en
19	combustion engines	system re- quired for	of table.
20	CHETHES	repair shops handling 6 or more engines	
21	Sales rooms,	-	S 1.5 or E 1.5
22	retail	Datametros	5 1.5 Or 5 1.5
23		Main floor	S 1.0 or E 1.0
24		Other stories	S .6 or E .6
25	Sleeping rooms		S .5
26	Storage rooms, active storage	•	E .4
27	Inactive Storage	·	No Requirements
28	Toilet rooms,		E 2.0, or gravity exhaust 1 sq. i
29	public		per sq. ft. floor area but not smaller than 30 sq. in.
30	Waiting rooms in transportation		S .6
31	facilities		

TABLE NO. 113 (continued)

MINIMUM MECHANICAL VENTILATING REQUIREMENTS

Note No. 1. Passages (enclosed) for Vehicles Using Internal Combustion Engines. If openings, each having an area not less than twenty-five (25) percent of the cross-sectional area of the passage are provided to atmosphere in both end walls of the passage - Natural ventilation.

If openings having a combined area not less than fifty (50) percent of the area of a side wall of the passage, uniformly distributed, are provided to atmosphere - Natural ventilation.

Note No. 2. Repair Shops and Factories. When the work in the room is of such a character that dangerous or noxious dust or fumes are given off, the requirements, as stated, shall be supplemented by local or unit exhaust sufficient to remove such dust or fumes.

Note No. 3. Loading Spaces and Appurtenant Driveways. Loading spaces and appurtenant driveways in manufacturing and storage units having apertures opening directly to atmosphere, said apertures having an area of not less than twenty (20) percent of the floor area of the loading spaces and appurtenant driveways - Natural ventilation.

If the apertures having an area of less than twenty (20) per cent of the floor area of the loading spaces and appurtenant driveways - E.5.

SECTION 1108B - SOURCE OF AIR SUPPLY. The air supply for all buildings except those of Group I occupancies shall be taken directly from out-of-doors, except that

(a) When air is supplied by a mechanical ventilating supply system, a portion not to exceed two-thirds of the required air supply may be recirculated, provided the system is equipped with such devices for the control of temperature and dust content that the physical properties of the air so supplied are substantially the same as though all of the supply were taken from out-of-doors.

The quantity so re-circulated may be considered as exhaust from the rooms from which it is withdrawn.

- (b) When air is supplied by a mechanical ventilating supply system which is not equipped with devices prescribed in paragrap! (a), a portion not to exceed two-thirds of the air supplied may t recirculated during the time that the rooms are not occupied. The intake and all equipment and ducts shall be so arranged that all of the air supplied by the system can be taken from out-of-doors, and that the air permitted to be recirculated as herein described, can be discharged to the atmosphere when the rooms are occupied.
- (c) The intake drawing air from out-of-doors shall be at suc a point that the air supply will be uncontaminated and that the opening will be unobstructed at all times. The intake opening shall be at least fifteen feet from the discharge outlet of an exhaust fan, and, unless adequate means is provided for the remov of dust from the air, the bottom of the opening shall be at least five feet above the surface of any abutting public way, gangway, driveway, grade, or abutting roof. No intake opening shall be placed in a horizontal position in any sidewalk, or in the paveme of any street, alley, or driveway, or level with any other surrounding grade nor so as to take air from the lower level of any two level street or similar construction.
- (d) No air exhausted from bath, toilet, urinal, lavatory, kitchen, boiler room, or other room in which such air might be co taminated shall be re-circulated at any time.
- (e) Air may be re-circulated from any room or space where the ventilating system is provided with approved filters for the removal of odors and fumes.

SECTION 1109B - AIR INLETS AND OUTLETS. The air inlets and outlets in every system of ventilation shall be so located and con structed as to insure circulation of air throughout each room.

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 If a mechanical ventilating supply system only, is installed for a room or if a greater quantity of air is supplied by a mechanical ventilating supply system than is removed by a mechanical ventilating exhaust system for a room, adequate means shall be provided for the natural exit of the excess air supplied. If a mechanical ventilating exhaust system only, is installed for a room or if a greater quantity of air is removed by a mechanical ventilating system for a room than it supplies, adequate means shall be provided for the natural supply of the deficiency in the air supplied.

SECTION 1110B - POINT OF EXHAUST DISCHARGE. The air removed by every exhaust system shall be discharged out-of-doors at a point where it will not cause a public nuisance, and from which it cannot again be readily drawn in by a ventilating system, excepting that:

- (a) air which is to be used for re-circulation may be discharged to a supply system; and
- (b) air which will not cause a nuisance may be discharged into a boiler room in such quantity as is required to supply the needs of combustion.

SECTION 1111B - TOILET ROOM SYSTEMS. Mechanical ventilating exhaust system for bath, toilet, urinal, and similar rooms shall be independent from those for rooms of other character, excepting that:

(a) exhaust ducts from janitors' closets containing slop sinks or similar fixtures may be connected to and made a part of toilet room systems; and

- (b) exhaust ducts from private bath, toilet, and urinal room containing not more than five fixtures and from isolated public rooms of the same nature may be connected to and made a part of the exhaust system for rooms of other character or exhaust ducts from rooms other than bath, toilet, and urinal rooms may be connected to and made part of the exhaust syste for toilet rooms, provided:
 - (i) that the exhaust fan for the system is installed for operation all of the time that the building is occupied;
 - (ii) that the branch duct from each bath, toilet, or urinal room or group of rooms, shall be run parallel and adjacent to the duct from other rooms for a distance of not less than five feet, within which distance there are no exhaust openings in either duct and the connection between the ducts made with an easy curve having its outlet toward the exhaust fan; and
 - (iii) that the total quantity of air exhausted from private bath, toilet, and urinal rooms and from isolated public rooms of same nature shall not exceed ten percent of the capacity of the fan.

SECTION 1112B - HEATING FOR MECHANICAL SYSTEMS. If an installation is a mechanical ventilating exhaust system without a mechanical ventilating supply system, or if it is a mechanical ventilating supply system, either with or without a mechanical ventilating exhaust system, equipment shall be installed so that the supply shall be heated to such a temperature as will provide minimum health conditions for the proposed use of the room.

The heating elements and all equipment and connections required therefor shall be based on maintaining a room temperature

of 70° F at a point three feet above the floor when the outside temperature is ten degrees above zero Fahrenheit.

SECTION 1113B - INTERPRETATION OF REQUIREMENTS. In rooms which are required to be provided with mechanical ventilating exhaust systems, the fresh air to replace the air exhausted from each room shall be obtained from ventilating openings in that room, or from a mechanical ventilating supply system installed for that room or - it may be obtained from ventilating openings in uncontaminated rooms adjacent to the designated rooms through unobstructed openings at a velocity not to exceed 200 f.p.m. provided that the quantity of air supplied to the adjacent room is not less than that required for both the designated room and the adjacent room.

If an adjacent room requires a preponderance of mechanical exhaust when the ventilating openings are not adequate for natural ventilation, such rooms shall not be used as a source of supply to the designated rooms.

In picture projection rooms, it may be obtained from openings to uncontaminated rooms adjacent to the picture projection room, which have ventilating openings or which are provided with a mechanical ventilating supply system of the capacity required for such adjacent room.

SECTION 13. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 206, APPENDIX 3, SECTION 2102, EXCEPTIONS, is hereby amended by adding a new subsection 9, to read as follows: "9. Any boiler or unfired pressure vessel subject to R.C.W. 70.79."

SECTION 14. UNIFORM MECHANICAL CODE, PAGE 224, APPENDIX B, CHAPTER 22, the chapter title is hereby amended by adding the following notation after the chapter title: "Pursuant to Section 201(a) whenever the words 'Building Official' appear in this chapt they shall mean 'Director of Building' or 'Director of Public Heal

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UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES SECTION 1. DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES TO UNIFORM HOUSING CODE. The following deletions, additions and changes in said code are necessary for application in King County.

SECTION 2. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 11 , SECTION 202, SUBSTANDARD BUILDINGS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "All buildings or portions thereof which are determined to be substandard as defined in this Code are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation, demolition or removal in accordance with the procedure specified in Section 1101 of this Code.

ENTERING PRIVATE PROPERTY FOR PURPOSES OF ABATEMENT. The Director of Building, or his authorized deputies, or any other person so authorized by the Director of Building, may enter upon the premises of private property without permission of the legal owner for the following purposes:

- (a) To abate a public nuisance as defined in Section 401.
- (b) To construct a temporary fence, enclosure or other device, pending the outcome of an appeal filed pursuant to Chapter 12 and Chapter 13 of this Code, for the protection of the public from a building, structure, or excavation, located on private property, which constitutes an immediate threat of harm."

SECTION 3. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 11, SECTION 203, HOUSING ADVISORY AND APPEALS BOARD, is hereby amended to read as 26 follows: "HOUSING-ADVISORY-AND APPEALS BOARD. In order to provide for final interpretation of the provisions of this Code and to hear appeals provided for hereunder, ((there-is-hereby-established-a Housing-Advisory-and-Appeals-Beard-consisting-of-five-members-who are-net-empleyees-ef-the-etty. The-Buttding-Gfftetal-shall-be-an ex-officie-member-of-and-shall-act-as-Secretary-to-said-Beard. The-Beerd-shall-be-appeinted-by-the-(Hayer-er-Gity-Geuneil)-and

shall-serve-at-(his-er-ats)-pleasure-)) the King County Board of Appeals as established by Article 7 of the King County Charter is hereby designated to hear such appeals. The Board may adopt reason 3 able rules and regulations for conducting its business and shall render all decisions and findings in writing to the appellant with a copy to the ((Bailding-Official)) Director of Building. Appeals to the Board shall be processed in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 1201 of this Code. Copies of all rules or 8 regulations adopted by the Board shall be delivered to the ((Buile. ing-9#fieial)) Director of Building who shall make them freely 10 accessible to the public."

SECTION 4. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 11, SECTION 204, 12 VIOLATIONS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "No person, fire 13 or corporation, whether as owner, lessee, sublessee, or occupant, 14 shall erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, re-15 move, demolish, equip, use, occupy, or maintain any building or 16 premises, or cause or permit the same to be done, contrary to or in $17 \| ext{violation}$ of any of the provisions of this Code or any order issued 18 by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building hereunder. Any person violating the provisions of this Section shall be guilt; of a misdemeanor for each day such violation continues.

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CIVIL PENALTY. In addition to or as an alternate to any other judicial or administrative remedy provided herein or by law, any person, firm, corporation or organization violating any of the pro-24 visions of this code, or by each act of commission of omission procures, aids or abets such violation, shall incur a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of three dollars per day, per each violation, plus billable costs of the Building Division, Department of 28 Community and Environmental Development, from the date set for compliance until such violation is corrected or such notice of violation order is complied with. All civil penalties will be enforced and collected in accordance with the procedures specified in 32 Chapter 16, Uniform Housing Code, as amended and adopted by this ordinance."

SECTION 5. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 15, SECTION 503, 2 ROOM DIMENSIONS, SUBSECTION (a), CEILING HEIGHTS, first paragraph, 3 is hereby amended to read as follows: "Habitable rooms, storage 4 rooms and laundry rooms shall have a ceiling height of not less than seven feet ((6-inehes)). Hallways, corridors, bathrooms and 5 toilet rooms shall have a ceiling height of not less than seven feet measured to the lowest projection from the ceiling." SECTION 6. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 19, SECTION 701,

HEATING AND VENTILATION, SUBSECTION (a), HEATING, is hereby amended 10 to read as follows: "Every dwelling unit and guest room shall be 11 provided with heating facilities capable of maintaining a room temperature of 70° F. at a point 3 feet above the floor in all habitable rooms when the outside temperature is 100 F. Such facilities shall be installed and maintained in a safe condition and in accordance with Chapter 37 of the Uniform Building Code, Mechanical Code, and all other applicable laws. No unvented fuel-burning heater shall be permitted. All heating devices or appliances shall be of an approved type."

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- "(a) COMMENCEMENT OF PROCEEDINGS. Whenever the ((Swilding Official)) Director of Building has inspected or caused to te inspected any building and has found and determined that such building is a substandard building, he shall commence proceedings to cause the repair, rehabilitation, vacation, or demolition of the building.
- (b) NOTICE AND ORDER. The ((Building-Official)) <u>Director of Building</u> shall issue a notice and order directed to the record owner of the building. The notice and order shall contain:
- 1. The street address and legal description sufficient for identification of the premises upon which the building is located
- 2. A statement that the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has found the building to be substandard with a brief an concise description of the conditions found to render the buildin dangerous under the provisions of Section 202 of this Code.
- 3. A statement of the action required to be taken as determined by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building.
 - (i) If the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has determined that the building or structure must be repaired, the order shall require that all required permits be secured therefor and the work physically commenced within such time (not to exceed 60 days from the date of order) and completed within such time as the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building shall determine is reasonable under all of the circumstances.
 - (ii) If the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has determined that the building or structure must be vacated, the order shall require that the building or structure shall be vacated within a certain time from the date of the order as determined by the ((Building Official)) Director of Building to be reasonable.

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- (iii) If the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has determined that the building or structure must be demolished, the order shall require that the building be vacated within such time as the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building shall determine reasonable (not to exceed 60 days from the date of the order); that all required permits be secured therefor within 60 days from the date of the order, and that the demolition be completed within such time as the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building shall determine is reasonable.

 (iv) If the Director of Building has determined to assess a civil penalty, the order shall require that the penalt shall be paid within a time certain from the date of the order as determined by the Director of Building to be reasonable.
- 4. Statements advising that if any required repair or demolition work (without vacation also being required) is not commence within the time specified, the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building (i) will order the building vacated and posted to prevent further occupancy until the work is completed, ((and)) (ii) may proceed to cause the work to be done and charge the costs thereof against the property or its owner and (iii) will charge the amount of any unpaid civil penalty as a lien against the property and as a joint and separate personal obligation of any person in violatic
- 5. Statements advising (i) that any person having any record title or legal interest in the building may appeal from the notice and order or any action of the ((Building-Official)) <u>Director of Building</u> to the ((Housing-Advisory-and-Appeals-Board)) <u>Board of Appeals</u>, providing the appeal is made in writing as provided in

this Code, and filed with the ((Bailding-Officeal)) <u>Director of Building</u> within ((Wairty)) <u>fifteen</u> days from the date of service of such notice and order; and (ii) that failure to appeal will constitute a waiver of all right to an administrative hearing and determination of the matter."

SECTION 8. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 27, SECTION 1103(a), STANDARDS TO BE FOLLOWED. The following standards shall be follow by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building (and by the ((Howsing-Advisory-and)) Appeals Board if an appeal is taken) in ordering the repair, vacation or demolition of any substandard building or structure:

- 1. If any building declared a substandard building under thi ordinance shall either be repaired in accordance with the current Building Code or shall be demolished at the option of the building owner.
- 2. If the building or structure is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to the life, limb, property or safety of the public or of the occupants, it shall be ordered to be vacated."

SECTION 9. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 28, SECTION 1201(a), FORM OF APPEAL, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Any person entitled to service under Section 1101(c) may appeal from any notice and order or any action of the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building under this Code by filing at the office of the ((Building)) Director of Building within ((thirty)) fifteen days from the date of the service of such order, a written appeal containing:

- 1. A heading in the words: "Before the Board of Appeals of the ((Gity)) County of King."
- 2. A caption reading: "Appeal of," giving the names of all appellants participating in the appeal.
- 3. A brief statement setting forth the legal interest of each of the appellants in the building or the land involved in the notice and order.
- 4. A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of that specific order or action protested, together with any material facts claimed to support the contentions of the appellant.
- 5. A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of the relief sought, and the reasons why it is claimed the protested order or action should be reversed, modified or otherwise set aside.
- 6. The signatures of all parties named as appellants, and their official mailing addresses.
- 7. The verification (by declaration under penalty of perjury of at least one appellant as to the truth of the matters stated in the appeal."

SECTION 10. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 29, SECTION 1203,
SCOPE OF HEARING ON APPEAL, is hereby amended to read as follows:
"Only those matters or issues specifically raised by the appellant shall be considered in the hearing of the appeal and such other matters as the Board deems pertinent."

SECTION 11. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 30, SECTION 1301, PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCT OF HEARING APPEALS, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) HEARING EXAMINERS. The Board may appoint one or more hearing examiners or designate one or more of its members to serve as hearing examiners to conduct the hearings. The examiner hearing the case shall exercise all powers relating to the conduct of hearings until it is submitted by him to the Board for decision.

- (b) RECORD. A <u>permanent</u> record of the entire proceedings shall be made ((by-tape-recording,)) by any ((ether)) means of recording as determined to be appropriate by the Board.
- (c) REPORTING. ((The-precedings-at-the-hearing-ehall-alse-b reported-by-a-phonographie-reporter-if-requested-by-any-party-ther to.)) A transcript of the proceedings shall be made available to all parties upon request and upon payment of the fee prescribed therefor. Such fees may be established by the Board and collected by the Building Division for deposit in the general fund, but shal in no event be greater than the cost involved.
- (d) CONTINUANCES. The Board may grant continuances for good cause shown; however, when a hearing examiner has been assigned to such hearing, no continuances may be granted except by him for goo cause shown so long as the matter remains before him.
- (e) OATHS-CERTIFICATION. In any proceedings under this Chapter, the Board, any board member, or the hearing examiner has the power to administer oaths and affirmations and to certify to official acts.

 (f) REASONABLE DISPATCH. The Board and its representatives shall proceed with reasonable dispatch to conclude any matter before it. Due regard shall be shown for the convenience and necessity of any parties or their representatives.

SECTION 12. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGES 34 AND 35, SECTION 1401, COMPLIANCE, is hereby amended to read as follows;

"(a) GENERAL. After any order of the ((Building-Official))

Director of Building or the ((Housing-Advisory-and)) Appeals Board made pursuant to this Code shall have become final, no person to whom any such order is directed shall fail, neglect, or refuse to obey any such order. Any such person who fails to comply with any such order is guilty of a misdemeanor.

- (b) FAILURE TO OBEY ORDER. If, after any order of the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building or ((Housing-Advisory and)) Appeals Board made pursuant to this code has become final, the person to whom such order is directed shall fail, neglect or refuse to obey such order, the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building may (i) cause such person to be prosecuted under Subsectic (a) of this Section or (ii) institute any appropriate action to abate such building as a public nuisance.
- (c) FAILURE TO COMMENCE WORK. Whenever the required repair or demolition is not commenced within 30 days after any final notice and order issued under this Code becomes effective:
 - 1. The ((Building-Official)) Director of Building shall cause the building described in such notice and order to be vacated by posting at each entrance thereto a notice reading:

DO NOT OCCUPY

It is a misdemeanor to occupy this building or to remove or deface this notice.

((Building-Official))

Director of Building
((Gity-ef-----))

County of King"

- 2. No person shall occupy any building which has been posted as specified in this Subsection. No person shall remove or deface any such notice so posted until the repairs, demolition, or removal order by the ((Building Official)) Director of Building have been completed and a Certificate of Occupancy issued pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Building Code.
- 3. The ((Building-Official)) Director of Building may, in addition to any other remedy herein provided, cause the building to be repaired to the extent necessary to correct the conditions which render the building substandard as set forth in the notice and order; or, if the notice and order required demolition, to cause the building to be sold and demolished; or, to be demolished, and the materials, rubble and debris therefrom removed and the lot cleaned. Any such repair or demolition work shall be accomplished and the cost thereof paid and recovered in the manner hereinafter provided in this Code. Any surplus realized from the sale of any such building, or from the demolition thereof, over and above the cost of demolition and of cleaning the lot shall be paid over to the person or persons lawfully entitled thereto.

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(d) FAILURE TO VACATE. If a person has been ordered to vacate a building, structure, or premises, pursuant to Section 1103 of this code, and that person has failed, neglected, or refused to vacate said building, structure, or premises and since such orders 4 to vacate may not be stayed pending appeal, the Director of Building may (i) cause such person to be prosecuted under Subsection (a) of this Section or (ii) institute any appropriate action to enforce such order to vacate."

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SECTION 13. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGE 36, CHAPTER 15, PERFORMANCE OF WORK OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: CHAPTER 15, PERFORMANCE OF WORK OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION.

SECTION 1501 (a) PROCEDURE. Whenever the Director of Building shall cause repair, vacation, abatement or demolition to be done pursuant to this Code, the Director of Building at his discretion shall have the work accomplished under his direction by private contract or by County personnel. Plans and specifications for the work may be prepared by the Director of Building, or he may employ such architectural and engineering assistance on a contract basis as he may deem reasonably necessary. The Director of Building shall follow standard public works contractual procedures for all work accomplished by private contract.

(b) COSTS. The cost of such work shall be paid from amounts appropriated for abatement purposes and shall be made a lien against the property involved and a personal obligation of the property owner.

SECTION 14. UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, PAGES 37, 38 AND 39, CHAPTER 16, RECOVERY OF COST OR REPAIR OR DEMOLITION, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted: CHAPTER 16, RECOVERY OF COST OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION.

SECTION 1601. LIEN AUTHORIZED. King County has a lien for any civil penalty imposed or the cost of any work of repair, vacation, abatement or demolition, done pursuant to this code, or both against the real property on which the civil penalty was imposed or the above works were performed.

SECTION 1602. PERSONAL OBLIGATION AUTHORIZED. The civil penalty and the charge for the cost of repair, vacation, abatement or demolition are also joint and separate personal obligations of any person in violation. The prosecuting attorney on behalf of King County may collect the civil penalty and the charge by use of all appropriate legal remedies.

SECTION 1603. MOTICE LIEN MAY BE CLAIMED. The notice and order of the Director of Building pursuant to Chapter 11 of this Code shall give notice to the owner that a lien for the civil penalty or the cost of repair, vacation, abatement or demolition, or both, may be claimed by King County.

SECTION 1604. PRIORITY. The lien shall be subordinate to all existing special assessment liens previously imposed upon the same property, and shall be paramount to all other liens except for State and County taxes with which it shall be upon a parity.

SECTION 1605. CLAIM OF LIEN-GENERAL. The Director of Build-ing shall cause a claim for lien to be filed for record in the office of the County Auditor within 90 days from the date of completion of the work or repair, vacation, abatement or demolition performed pursuant to this code.

- (a) CONTENTS. The claim of lien shall contain the following:

 (1) The authority for undertaking the work.
 - (ii) A brief description of the work done, including the time the work is commenced and completed and the name of the persons or organizations performing the work.

- (iv) The name of the owner, or reputed owner if known, and if not known that fact shall be alleged.
- (v) The amount for which the lien is claimed.

- (b) VERIFICATION. The Director of Building, or his authorized representative, shall sign and verify the claim by oath to the effect that the affient believes the claim is just.
- (c) AMENDMENT. The claim of lien may be amended in case of action brought to foreclose same, by order of the court, as pleadings may be, insofar as the interests of third parties shall not be affected by amendment.

SECTION 1606. RECORDING. The Director of Records and Elections shall record the claims and notices mentioned in this chapter in a book to be kept by him for that purpose, which record must be indexed as deeds and other conveyances are required by law to be indexed.

SECTION 1607. DURATION OF LIEN-LIMITATION OF ACTION.

No lien created by this Code binds the property subject to the lien for a period longer than three years after the claim has been filed unless an action is commenced in the proper court within that time to enforce the lien.

SECTION 1608. FORECLOSURE - PARTIES. The lien provided by this ordinance may be foreclosed and enforced by a civil action in a court having jurisdiction.

- (a) JOINDER. All persons who have legally filed claims of liens against the same property prior to commencement of the action shall be joined as parties, either plaintiff or defendant.
- (b) ACTIONS PROHIBITED. No person shall begin an action to foreclose a lien upon any property while a prior action begun to foreclose another lien on the same property is pending, but if

not made a party plaintiff or defendant to such prior action, he may apply to the court to be joined as a party thereto, and his lien may be foreclosed in such action.

(c) ACTIONS SAVED. Dismissal of an action to foreclose a lien at the instance of a plaintiff shall not prejudice another party to the suit who claims a lien.

SECTION 1609. COSTS OF ENFORCEMENT ACTION. In addition to costs and disbursements provided for by statute, the prevailing party in a foreclosure action or collection action under this ordinance may, in the court's discretion, be allowed interest and a reasonable attorney's fee. The Prosecuting Attorney shall seek such costs, interest, and reasonable attorney's fees on behalf of King County when the County is the prevailing party.

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UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS,

DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES

SECTION 1. DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES TO UNIFORM CODE FOR

SECTION 1. DELETIONS, ADDITIONS, CHANGES TO UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS. The following deletions, additions and changes in said code are necessary for application in King County.

SECTION 2. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 7, SECTION 102, PURPOSE AND SCOPE, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) PURPOSE. It is the purpose of the provisions of this Code to provide a just, equitable, and practicable method, to be cumulative with and in addition to, any other remedy provided by the Uniform Building Code, 1973 Edition, or Uniform Housing Code, 1973 Edition, or otherwise available at law, whereby buildings, ((er)) structures or nuisances which from any cause endanger the life, limb, health, morals, property, safety or welfare of the general public or their occupants, may be required to be repaired, vacated or demolished.

(b) SCOPE. The provisions of this Code shall apply to all dangerous buildings or nuisances, as herein defined, which are not in existence or which may hereafter be constructed in this city."

SECTION 3. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 8, SECTION 201, ENFORCEMENT, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) ADMINISTRATION. The ((Building-Official)) Director of Building is hereby authorized to enforce the provisions of this Code.

- (b) INSPECTIONS. The ((Gity)) County Health Officer, the Fire Marshal and the ((Building-Officeial)) Director of Building are hereby authorized to make such inspections and take such actions as may be required to enforce the provisions of this Code.
- (c) RIGHT OF ENTRY. 1. Whenever necessary to make an inspection to enforce any of the provisions of this Code, or whenever the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building or his authorized representative has reasonable cause to believe that there exists

in any building or upon any premises, any condition which makes such building or premises dangerous as defined in Section 302 and 303 of this Code, the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building or his authorized representative may enter such building or premises at all reasonable times to inspect the same or perform any duty imposed upon the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building by this Code; provided that (i) if such building or premises be occupied, he shall first present proper credentials and demand entry; and (ii) if such building or premises be unoccupied, he shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other persons having charge or control of the building or premises and demand entry. If such entry is refused, the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building or his authorized representative shall have recourse to every remedy provided by law to secure entry.

- 2. "Authorized representative" shall include the officers named in Section 201(b) and their authorized inspection personnel.
- 3. No owner or occupant or any other person having charge, care or control of any building or premises shall fail or neglect, after proper demand is made as herein provided, to promptly permit entry therein by the ((Building-Official))

 Director of Building or his authorized representative for the purpose of inspection and examination pursuant to this Code. Any person violating this Subsection shall be guilty as a misdemeanor."

SECTION 4. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 8, SECTION 202, ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, is hereby amended to read as follows: All buildings, premises, or portions thereof which are determined after inspection by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building to be dangerous as defined in this Code are hereby declared to be public nuisances

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and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation, demolition, or removal in accordance with the procedure specified in Section 401 of this Code.

ENTERING PRIVATE PROPERTY FOR PURPOSES OF ABATEMENT.

The Director of Building, or his authorized deputies, or any other person so authorized by the Director of Building, may enter upon the premises of private property without permission of the legal owner for the following purposes: (a) to abate a public nuisance as defined in Section 303; and (b) to construct a temporary fence, enclosure or other device, pending the outcome of an appeal filed pursuant to Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 of this Code, for the protection of the public from a building, structure, or excavation, located on private property, which constitutes an immediate threat of harm."

SECTION 5. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGES 8 AND 9, SECTION 203, VIOLATIONS, is hereby amended as follows: "No person, firm, or corporation, whether as owner, lessee, sublessee, or occupant, shall erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, demolish, equip, use, occupy, or maintain any building or premises, or cause or permit the same to be done, contrary to or in violation of any of the provisions of this Code or any order issued by the ((Building Official)) Director of Building hereunder. Any person violating the provisions of this Section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor for each day such violation continues.

civil PENALTY. In addition to or as an alternate to any other judicial or administrative remedy provided herein or by law, any person, firm, corporation or organization violating any of the provisions of this code, or by each act or commission of omission procures, aids or abets such violation, shall incur a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of three dollars per day, per each

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violation, plus billable costs of the Building Division, Departme of Community and Environmental Development, from the date set for compliance until such violation is corrected or such notice of violation or order is complied with. All civil penalties will be enforced and collected in accordance with the procedures specifie in Chapter 16, Uniform Housing Code, 1973 Edition, as amended and and adopted by this ordinance."

SECTION 6. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 9, SECTION 205, BOARD OF APPEALS, is hereby amended as follows: "In order to provide for final interpretatio of the provisions of this Code and to hear appeals provided for hereunder, ((there-is-hereby-established-a-Beard-ef-Appeals-eeneisting-of-five-members-who-are-not-employees-of-the-eity. The-Building-Official-shall-be-an-ex-officio-member-ef-and-shall ast-as-Seeretary-to-said-Board. The-Board-shall-be-appointed-by the-(Mayor-or-Sity-Gouneil)-and-shall-serve-at-(his-or-its)-pleasure)) the King County Board of Appeals as established by Article of the King County Charter is hereby designated to hear such appeals. The Board may adopt reasonable rules and regulations fo conducting its business and shall render all decisions and findin in writing to the appellant with a copy to the ((Building-Officia Director of Building. Appeals to the Board shall be processed in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 501 of this Code. Copies of all rules or regulations adopted by the Board shall be delivered to the ((Building-Official)) Director of Build ing who shall make them freely accessible to the public."

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SECTION 7. NEW SECTION. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 12, DEFINITIONS, a new section is hereby added to read as follows:

SECTION 303. NUISANCES. For the purpose of this Code, nuisances shall be defined as follows: (1) Any public nuisance known at common law or in equity jurisprudence.

- (2) Any attractive nuisance which may prove detrimental to children whether in a building, on the premises of a building, or upon an unoccupied lot. This includes any abandoned wells, shafts man-made pools, basements, or excavations; abandoned refrigerators and motor vehicles; or any structurally unsound fences or structure or any lumber, trash, fences, debris, or vegetation which may prove a hazard for inquisitive minors.
- (3) Whatever is dangerous to human life or is detrimental to health, as determined by the health officer.
 - (4) Overcrowding a room with occupants.
 - (5) Insufficient ventilation or illumination.
 - (6) Inadequate or unsanitary sewage or plumbing facilities.
 - (7) Uncleanliness, as determined by the health officer.
- (8) Whatever renders air, food, or drink unwholesome or detrimental to the health of human beings, as determined by the health officer.

SECTION 8. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGES 13 AND 14, SECTION 401, GENERAL, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) COMMENCEMENT OF PROCEEDINGS. Whenever the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has inspected or caused to be inspected any building or premise and has found and determined that such building or premise is in a dangerous ((building)) condition, he shall commence proceedings to cause the repair, vacation, or demolition of the building or premise.

- 1. The street address and a legal description sufficient for identification of the premises upon which the building or nuisance is located.
- 2. A statement that the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has found the building or premises to be dangerous with a brief and concise description of the conditions found to render the building or premises dangerous under the provisions of Sections 302 and 303 of this Code.
- 3. A statement of the action required to be taken as dete mined by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building.
 - (i) If the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has determined that the building or structure must be repaired, the order shall require that all required permits be secured therefor and the work physically commenced within such time (not to exceed 60 days from the date of the order) and completed within such time as the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building shall determine is reasonable under all of the circumstances (ii) If the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building has determined that the building or structure must be vacated, the order shall require that the building or structure shall be vacated within a time certain from the date of the order as determined by the ((Building Official)) Director of Building to be reasonable.

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(iii) If the ((Building-Official)) <u>Director of Building</u> has determined that the building or structure must be demolished, the order shall require that the building be vacated within such time as the ((Building-Official <u>Director of Building</u> shall determine is reasonable (not to exceed 60 days from the date of the order); that all required permits be secured therefor within 60 days from the date of the order, and that the demolition be completed within such time as the ((Building-Official)) <u>Director of Building</u> shall determine is reasonable.

- (iv) If the Director of Building has determined that a nuisance on the premises must be removed or abated, the order shall require that the nuisance shall be removed or abated within a time certain from the date of the order as determined by the Director of Building to be reasonable.
- (v) If the Director of Building has determined to assess a civil penalty, the order shall require that the civil penalty shall be paid within a time certain from the date of the order as determined by the Director of Building to be reasonable.
- 4. Statements advising that if any required repair or demolition work (without vacation also being required) is not commenced within the time specified, the ((Building-Official) Director of Building (i) will order the building vacated and posted to prevent further occupancy until the work is completed, ((and)) (ii) may proceed to cause the work to be done and charge the costs thereof against the property or its owner and (iii) will charge the amount of any unpaid civil penalty as a lien against the property and as a joint and separate personal obligation of any person in violation.

5. Statements advising (i) that any person having any record title or legal interest in the tuilding may appeal from the notice and order or any action of the ((Building Official)) Director of Building to the Board of Appeals, provided the appeal is made in writing as provided in this Code, and filed with the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building within ((30-days)) fifteen days from the date of service of such notice and order; and (ii) that failure to appeal will constitute a waiver of all right to an administrative hearing and determination of the matter.

- (c) SERVICE OF NOTICE AND ORDER. The notice and order, and any amended or supplemental notice and order, shall be served upon the record owner, and posted on the property; and one copy thereous shall be served on each of the following if known to the ((Building or disclosed from official records: the holder of any mortgage or deed of trust or other lie or encumbrance of record; the owner or holder of any lease of record; and the holder of any other estate or legal interest of record in or to the building or the land on which it is located, or the land itself. The failure of the ((Building-Official))

 Director of Building to serve any person required herein to be served shall not invalidate any proceedings hereunder as to any other person duly served or relieve any such person from any duty or obligation imposed on him by the provisions of this Section.
- (d) METHOD OF SERVICE. Service of the notice and order shall be made upon all persons entitled thereto either personally or by mailing a copy of such notice and order by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to each such person at his address as it appears on the last equalized assessment roll of the county or as known to the ((Building-Officeld)) Director of Building. If no address of any such person so appears or is known to

the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building, then a copy of the notice and order shall be so mailed, addressed to such person, at the address of the building involved in the proceedings. The failure of any such person to receive such notice shall not affect the validity of any proceedings taken under this Section. Service by certified mail in the manner herein provided shall be effective on the date of mailing.

(e) PROOF OF SERVICE. Proof of service of the notice and order shall be certified to at the time of service by a written declaration under penalty of perjury executed by the person effecting service, declaring the time, date, and manner in which service was made. The declaration, together with any receipt card returne in acknowledgement of receipt by certified mail shall be affixed to the copy of the notice and order retained by the ((Building Official)) Director of Building."

SECTION 9. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGES 14 and 15, SECTION 402, RECORDATION OF NOTICE AND ORDER, is hereby amended to read as follows: "If compliance is not had with the order within the time specified therein, and no appeal has been properly and timely filed, the ((Building-Official Director of Building shall file in the office of the County Recorder a certificate describing the property and certifying (i) that the building is a dangerous building ((and)) or (ii) thata nuisance exists on the premises and (iii) that the owner has bee notified. Whenever the corrections ordered shall thereafter have been completed or the building demolished so that it no longer exists as a dangerous building on the property described in the certificate, the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building shall file a new certificate with the County Recorder certifying that the building has been demolished or all required corrections have been made so that the building or the nuisance on the premises is no longer dangerous, whichever is appropriate."

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SECTION 10. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 15, SECTION 403, REPAIR, VACATION AND DEMOLITION, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) STANDARDS TO BE FOLLOWED. The following standards shall be followed by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building (and by the Board of Appeals if an appeal is taken) in ordering the repair, vacation, abatement, or demolition of any dangerous building ((eP)), structure or nuisance:

- 1. Any building declared a dangerous building under this ordinance shall either be repaired in accordance with the cur rent building code or shall be demolished at the option of the building owner.
- 2. If the building or structure is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to the life, limb, property or safety of the public or its occupants, it shall be ordered to be vacated.
- 3. If the nuisance located on the premises is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to life, limb, property or safety of the public or its occupants, it shall be ordered to be removed, abated or vacated."

SECTION 11. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 15, SECTION 404, NOTICE TO VACATE, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) POSTING. Every notice to vacate or abate a nuisance shall, in addition to being served as provided in Section 401(c), be posted at or upon each exit of the building or upon the premises where the nuisance exists, and shall be in substantially the following form:

"SUBSTANDARD BUILDING

DO NOT OCCUPY

It is a misdemeanor to occupy this building or to remove or deface this notice.

((Building-Official))

Director of Building

((Gity-of------))

County of King"

(b) COMPLIANCE. Whenever such notice is posted, the ((Build-ing-Official)) Director of Building shall include a notification thereof in the notice and order issued by him under Subsection (b) of Section 401, reciting the emergency and specifying the condition which necessitate the posting. No person shall remain in or enter any building or upon any premises which has been so posted, except that entry may be made to repair, abate, demolish or remove such nuisance or building under permit. No person shall remove or deface any such notice after it is posted until the required repairs, abatement, demolition, or removal have been completed and, if required, a Certificate of Occupancy issued pursuant to the provision of the Uniform Building Code. Any person violating this Subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

SECTION 12. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 16, SECTION 501(a), FORM OF APPEAL, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Any person entitled to service under Section 401(c) may appeal from any notice and order or any action of the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building under this Code by filing at the office of the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building within ((30)) fifteen days from the date of the service of such order, a written appeal containing:

1. A heading in the words: "Before the Board of Appeals of the ((Gity)) County of King."

- 3. A brief statement setting forth the legal interest of eaof the appellants in the building or the land involved in the not. and order.
- 4. A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of the specific order or action protested, together with any material facts claimed to support the contentions of the appellant.
- 5. A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of the relief sought, and the reasons why it is claimed the protested order or action should be reversed, modified, or otherwise set asi
- 6. The signatures of all parties named as appellants, and their official mailing addresses.
- 7. The verification (by declaration under penalty of perjury of at least one appellant as to the truth of the matters stated in the appeal.

SECTION 13. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 17, SECTION 503, SCOPE OF HEARING ON APPEAL, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Only such matters or issues specifically raised by the appellant shall be considered in the hearing of the appeal and such other matters as the Board deems pertinent."

SECTION 14. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 18, SECTION 601(b) RECORD, is hereby amended to read as follows: "A permanent record of the entire proceedings shall be made ((by-tape-recording-er)) by any (other)) means of permanent recording determined to be appropriate by the Board."

SECTION 15. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANSEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGE 18, SECTION 601(c), REPORTING, is hereby amended to read as follows: "((The-presendings-at-the-hearing-shell-also be-reperted-by-a-phenegraphie-reperter-if-requested-by-any-party thereto.)) A transcript of the proceedings shall be made available to all parties upon request and upon payment of the fee prescribed therefor. Such fees may be established by the Board and collected by the Building Division for deposit in the general fund, but shal in no event be greater than the cost involved.

SECTION 16. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGES 22 AND 23, SECTION 701, COMPLIANCE, is hereby amended to read as follows: "(a) GENERAL. After any order of the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building or the Board of Appeals made pursuant to this Code shall have become final, no person to whom any such order is directed shall fail, neglect, or refuse to obey any such order. Any such person who fails to comply with any such order is guilty of a misdemeanor.

- (b) FAILURE TO OBEY ORDER. If, after any order of the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building or Board of Appeals made pursuant to this Code has become final, the person to whom such order is directed shall fail, neglect or refuse to obey such order, the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building may (i) caussuch person to be prosecuted under Subsection (a) of this Section or (ii) institute any appropriate action to abate such building or premises as a public nuisance.
- (c) FAILURE TO COMMENCE WORK. Whenever the required repair or demolition is not commenced within 30 days after any final notice and order issued under this Code becomes effective:
 - 1. The ((Building-Official)) Director of Building shall cause the building or premises described in such notice and order to be vacated or abated by posting on the premises

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or at each entrance to such building ((therete)) a notice reading in substantially the following form:

"DANGEROUS BUILDING

DO NOT OCCUPY

It is a misdemeanor to occupy this building or to remove or deface this notice.

((Building-Official))

Director of Building ((G=+y-of-----))

County of King"

- 2. No person shall occupy any building which has been posted as specified in this Subsection. No person shall remove or deface any such notice so posted until the repairs, demolition, or removal ordered by the ((Building-Official)) Director of Building have been completed and a Certificate of Occupancy issued pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Building Code.
- 3. The ((Building-Official)) Director of Building may, in addition to any other remedy herein provided, cause the building to be repaired to the extent necessary to correct the conditions which render the building dangerous as set forth in the notice and order; or, if the notice and order required demolition, to cause the building to be sold and demolished or demolished and the materials, rubble and debri therefrom removed and the lot cleaned. Any such repair or demolition work shall be accomplished and the cost thereof paid and recovered in the manner hereinafter provided in this Code. Any surplus realized from the sale of any such building, or from the demolition thereof, over and above the cost of demolition and of cleaning the lot, shall be paid over to the person or persons lawfully entitled therete

(d) FAILURE TO VACATE. If a person has been ordered to vacate a building, structure, or premises, pursuant to Section 403 of this code, and that person has failed, neglected, or refused to vacate said building, structure or premises and since such orders to vacat may not be stayed pending appeal, the Director of Building may

(i) cause such person to be prosecuted under Subsection (a) of this Section or (ii) institute any appropriate action to enforce such order to vacate."

SECTION 17. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS
BUILDINGS, PAGE 24, CHAPTER 8, PERFORMANCE OF WORK OF REPAIR OR
DEMOLITION, (SECTIONS 801 AND 802), are hereby repealed, and the
following is substituted: SECTION 801 (a) PROCEDURE. Whenever the
Director of Building shall cause repair, vacation, abatement or
demolition to be done pursuant to this Code, the Director of Building at his descretion shall have the work accomplished under his
direction by private contract or by County personnel. Plans and
specifications for the work may be prepared by the Director of
Building, or he may employ such architectural and engineering assistance on a contract basis as he may deem reasonably necessary.
The Director of Building shall follow standard public works contractural procedures for all work accomplished by private contract.

(b) COSTS. The cost of such work shall be paid from amounts appropriated for abatement purposes and shall be made a lien against the property involved and a personal obligation of the property owner.

SECTION 18. UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DAMGEROUS BUILDINGS, PAGES 25, 26 AND 27, CHAPTER 9, RECOVERY OF COST OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION, (SECTIONS 901 THROUGH 912) is hereby repeale and is substituted by CHAPTER 16, UNIFORM HOUSING CODE, RECOVERY C COST OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION, as amended and adopted by this ordinance, and changing the following section numbers of the UNIFORM CODE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS to read as follows:

- (a) Section 1601, LIEN AUTHORIZED, to read Section 901;
- (b) Section 1602, PERSONAL OBLIGATION AUTHORIZED, to read Section 902;
- (c) Section 1603, NOTICE LIEN MAY BE CLAIMED, to read Section 903;
- (d) Section 1604, PRIORITY, to read Section 904;
- (e) Section 1605, CLAIM OF LIEN-GENERAL, to read Section 905;
- (f) Section 1606, RECORDING, to read Section 906;
- (g) Section 1607, DURATION OF LIEN-LIMITATION OF ACTION, to read Section 907;
- (h) Section 1608, FORECLOSURE PARTIES, to read Section 908;
- (i) Section 1609, COSTS OF ENFORCEMENT ACTION, to read Sectio 909.

CHAPTER VI

REPEAL

SECTION 1. Ordinances 0379, 1017, 1529 and 1668, and King County Code Chapters 16.04, 16.03, 16.12, 16.16, 16.20, 16.24, 16.28 are hereby repealed.

CHAPTER VII

SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

SECTION 1. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions of this ordinance, it being herein expressly declared that this ordinance and each section, subsection paragraph, sentence, clause and phrase thereof would have been adopted irrespective of the fact that any one or more other section subsections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses or phrases be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 6 day of your passed this 29 day of 9 da

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Chairman
THOMAS M. FORSYTHE

ATTEST:

King County Council

APPROVED this 30th da

30th day of

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King Clanty Executive